Attachment A

Recommended Conditions of Consent

CONDITIONS OF CONSENT

SCHEDULE 1A

APPROVED DEVELOPMENT/DESIGN MODIFICATIONS/COVENANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS/USE AND OPERATION

Note: Some conditions in Schedule 1A are to be satisfied prior to issue of a Construction Certificate and some are to be satisfied prior to issue of Occupation Certificate, where indicated.

(1) APPROVED DEVELOPMENT

(a) Development must be in accordance with Development Application Number D/2019/1277 dated 12 November 2019 and the following drawings prepared by Melocco and Moore Architects:

Drawing Number	Drawing Name	Date
102 Revision O	Basement Plan	22 May 2020
103 Revision N	Ground Floor Retail	22 May 2020
104 Revision N	Level 1 Retail	22 May 2020
105 Revision M	Level 2 Office	22 May 2020
106 Revision M	Level 3-12 Office Levels Typical	22 May 2020
107 Revision M	Level 13 - Office	22 May 2020
108 Revision M	Level 14 - Office	22 May 2020
109 Revision M	Level 15 - Plant	22 May 2020
120 Revision M	Roof plan	22 May 2020
131 Revision K	elevation- George St.	22 May 2020
132 Revision K	elevation- Wynyard Lane	22 May 2020
133 Revision J	elevation- South and North	22 May 2020
141 Revision M	Section	22 May 2020
142 Revision H	Section	22 May 2020

Drawing Number	Drawing Name	Date
143 Revision H	Section	22 May 2020
200 Revision K	East Elevation Detail	22 May 2020
201 Revision I	Facade Details	22 May 2020
210 Revision D	Materials and finishes	22 May 2020

and as amended by the conditions of this consent.

(b) In the event of any inconsistency between the approved plans and supplementary documentation, the plans will prevail.

(2) SECTION 61 CONTRIBUTIONS PAYABLE - REGISTERED QUANTITY SURVEYOR'S DETAILED COST REPORT - SUBMITTED AND VERIFIED PRIOR TO ISSUE OF CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

A cash contribution comprising 1% of the total cost of the development is payable to the City of Sydney pursuant to section 61 of the *City of Sydney Act 1988* and the *Central Sydney Development Contributions Plan 2013* in accordance with the following:

- (a) Prior to a Construction Certificate being issued, evidence must be provided of Council's written verification of the amount of the contribution as required in (b) below, and then that the levy has been paid to the Council in accordance with this condition. Payment may be by EFTPOS (debit card only), CASH or a BANK CHEQUE made payable to the City of Sydney. Direct debit, personal or company cheques will not be accepted.
- (b) The contribution must not be paid to the City of Sydney until it is accompanied by separate written verification by the City of Sydney of the specific amount payable. In order to obtain such verification, the "City of Sydney Registered Quantity Surveyor's Detailed Cost Report" indicating the itemised cost of the development must be completed and submitted to Council by the Accredited Certifier, together with copies of the plans the subject of the application for the Construction Certificate. A copy of the required format for the "City of Sydney Registered Quantity Surveyor's Detailed Cost Report" may be obtained from the City of Sydney One Stop Shop, any of the Neighbourhood Service Centres and the City of Sydney's website (www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au).
- (c) The Council will consider the documentation submitted under subclause (b) and determine the cost of the proposed development having regard to the information submitted and to such other matters as it considers appropriate and will notify the Accredited Certifier accordingly.
- (d) The items to be included in the calculation of the cost of development are demolition works, site remediation including decontamination,

excavation and site preparation, construction costs, fit out, professional fees as part of the design (including design competitions) documentation and implementation process, fixed building machinery, equipment and appliances, kitchens and bar areas, car parking, air conditioning plant and equipment, services (fire, mechanical ventilation, electrical, hydraulic), ceilings, fire protection devices, installation of services (power, water, sewer, telephone), lifts and other essential machinery, floor coverings, *Building Code of Australia* compliance works, replacement of existing materials, fixtures and fittings, construction related insurance, assessment and construction related fees, charges and GST and any other matter not expressly excluded in (e) below. Any item for which an exemption has been granted is still to be included in the total cost of development, together with an itemised value to enable the City to calculate the value of the exemption.

(e) The items to be excluded in the calculation of the cost of development are the cost of land, marketing expenses (excluding display suites etc), finance and interest, building insurance after practical completion, drapery, commercial stock inventory, loose furniture, loose equipment, loose electrical appliances, minor maintenance of existing retained fixtures (patching, repainting) and stamp duty.

Please contact Council's Planning Administration staff at <u>Planningsystemsadmin@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au</u> to confirm the amount payable, prior to payment.

(3) DESIGN MODIFICATIONS

The design of the building must be modified as follows:

- (a) The floor levels of the vehicle bay/loading dock and the entry to the stairs to/from the basement levels on the Wynyard Lane frontage must be a minimum of 300 millimetres above the adjacent road gutter invert level at the proposed building opening.
- (b) The ceiling level directly above the loading dock is to be raised (if required) in order to provide a minimum clearance height of 3.15 metres to enable a Small Rigid Vehicle to access the site.
- (c) If in complying with part (b) of this condition, the finished floor level of Level 1 protrudes above the sill height of the Level 1 windows on the west (Wynyard Lane) elevation, the sill height of these windows shall be raised so that the slab edge does not abut the glazing.
- (d) The existing party wall between 327-329 George Street and 331-339 George Street must be shown to be set back from the George Street alignment to reflect the existing site conditions and expose the rounded corner of the building at 331-339 George Street.
- (e) The datum height on the George Street building facade at the top of third storey level must be raised to align with the datum height (RL 27.34 AHD) of the approved development under development consent D/2018/922 at 323-325 George Street, Sydney.

The modifications are to be submitted to and approved by Council's Director City Planning Development and Transport to the issue of any Construction Certificate.

(4) BUILDING HEIGHT

- (a) The height of the building must not exceed RL 72.24 (AHD) to the top of the building and RL 70.40 (AHD) to the parapet of the building.
- (b) Prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued, a Registered Surveyor must provide certification that the height of the building accords with (a) above, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier.

(5) FLOOR SPACE RATIO

The following applies to Floor Space Ratio:

- (a) The Floor Space Ratio (FSR) of the proposal must not exceed 10.97:1 calculated in accordance with the Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2012. For the purpose of the calculation of FSR, the Gross Floor Area of the approved development is 3,011 square metres.
- (b) Prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued, a Registered Surveyor must provide certification of the total and component Gross Floor Areas (by use) in the development, utilising the definition under Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2012 applicable at the time of development consent, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier.
- (c) Prior to a Construction Certificate being issued, Council's written verification must be obtained, confirming that 376 square metres of heritage floor space was allocated (purchased and transferred) to the development, being 50 percent of that gross floor area in excess of 8:1 as specified in the *Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2012*.
- (d) Notwithstanding (c) above, the applicant may enter into an agreement in accordance with the provisions of the City of Sydney Alternative Heritage Floorspace Allocation Scheme. Where such an agreement has been entered into, a Construction Certificate may be issued prior to the allocation of heritage floor space.
- (e) Where an agreement has been entered into in accordance with (d) above, the applicant must comply with the terms of the agreement. An Occupation Certificate can be issued where the City provides written confirmation that the terms of the agreement have been complied with.

(6) COMPLIANCE WITH SUBMITTED MATERIALS AND SAMPLES BOARD

The design details of the proposed building facades, including all external finishes, colours and glazing, must be in accordance with the materials and finishes drawing, numbered 210, revision D, prepared by Melocco and Moore Architects, and dated 22 May 2020.

(7) HOURS OF OPERATION

The hours of operation of the office premises and retail premises are restricted to between 7.00am and 10.00pm, Monday to Sunday.

(8) FIT OUT - SEPARATE DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION REQUIRED

No consent is granted or implied for the fit out of each individual office premises and retail premises tenancy.

A development consent or Complying Development Certificate (as appropriate) is required to be obtained for the fit out of each individual office premises and retail premises tenancy prior to that fit out or use commencing, unless that fit out comprises exempt development.

(9) AWNING DESIGN

The design of the awning must ensure that it does not interfere with any proposed or existing street trees, light poles or any other structures within the public domain.

(10) AWNING MAINTENANCE

The approved awnings must be regularly inspected and maintained to ensure the structural integrity, aesthetic and functional quality of the awning.

(11) UNDER AWNING LIGHTING

Illumination from any under awning lighting, when measured from any place in the public domain, must comply with the following:

- (a) The horizontal luminance level must not exceed 200 lux (including reflectivity from exterior finishes);
- (b) The horizontal illuminance uniformity ratio (Eavg/Emin) must not exceed
 4:1 to ensure safe movement of pedestrians;
- (c) The intensity, colour, period of intermittency and hours of illumination must be varied if, at any time in the opinion of the Council, adverse impact or Obtrusive Light in accordance with the definition in Australian Standard AS4282-1997 Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting is being caused to the amenity of the area;
- (d) Where nearby residents are located above the level of the under awning lighting, details are to be provided to show that light is not directed upwards toward such residences; and
- (e) Batten type fluorescent lighting is not permitted to be used for under awning lighting.

(12) EXTERNAL LIGHTING

A separate development application is required to be lodged and approved prior to any external floodlighting or illumination of the building or site landscaping.

(13) REFLECTIVITY

The Principal Certifier must ensure that the visible light reflectivity from building materials used on the facade of the building does not exceed 20% prior to issue of the Construction Certificate.

(14) SWINGING DOORS OVER PUBLIC WAY

Any access doors to enclosures housing building services and facilities, such as hydrant and sprinkler booster assemblies or the like, must not open over the footway/roadway.

(15) NO SPEAKERS OR MUSIC OUTSIDE

Speakers and/or noise amplification equipment must not be installed and music must not be played in any of the outdoor areas associated with the building including the public domain. Speakers located within the building must not be placed so as to direct the playing of music towards the outdoor areas associated with the building.

(16) NO AIR CONDITIONING UNITS TO FACADE OR BALCONIES OF BUILDING

Development consent is not granted for the installation of any individual air conditioning units to the facade, terraces or balconies of the building.

(17) PARTITION WALLS

Where internal partitions meet external walls they must abut window mullions, columns or other such building elements and not glazing.

(18) ALLOCATION OF CAR PARKING

Car parking spaces are to be provided in accordance with the table below. Details confirming the quantity and allocations of car parking spaces is to be submitted to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

Car Parking Type	Number
Service vehicle spaces (Small Rigid Vehicles)	1

(19) ASSOCIATED ROADWAY COSTS

All costs associated with the construction of any new road works including kerb and gutter, road pavement, drainage system and footway shall be borne by the developer. The new road works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the City's "Development Specification for Civil Works Design and Construction".

(20) BICYCLE PARKING AND END OF TRIP FACILITIES

The minimum number of bicycle parking spaces and end of trip facilities to be provided for the development must comply with the table below.

User	Number of bicycles to be accommodated	Requirements
Staff	20	Class B bicycle parking facility in accordance with AS2890.3
Customer	12	Class B / C bicycle parking facility in accordance with AS2890.3
End of Trip Facility Type	Number	
Showers with change area	7	
Personal lockers	27	

Notes:

(i) Australian Standard AS 2890.3:2015 refers to class 1 as class 'A', class 2 as class "B', and class 3 as class 'C'.

The layout, design and security of bicycle facilities must comply with Australian Standard AS 2890.3:2015 Parking Facilities Part 3: Bicycle Parking Facilities and Austroads Bicycle Parking Facilities: Guidelines for Design and Installation. The details must be submitted to and approved by the Certifying Authority confirming prior to the Construction Certificate being issued.

(21) BICYCLE WAYFINDING SIGNAGE

Signage directing users to the bicycle parking facility must be installed from the street level, between the main entry point and the entry point to the bike parking and End of Trip facilities. Signage must be installed before the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

(22) CAR PARKING DESIGN

The design, layout, signage, line marking, lighting and physical controls of all off-street car parking facilities is to satisfy the *Australian Standard AS/NZS 2890.2 - 2002 Parking facilities Part 2: Off-street commercial vehicle.* The details must be submitted to and approved by the Certifying Authority prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

(23) CHANGES TO KERB SIDE PARKING RESTRICTIONS

A separate submission must be made for any changes to kerb side parking arrangements. There is no guarantee kerb side parking will be changed, or that any change will remain in place for the duration of the development / use.

All costs associated with the parking proposal will be borne by the developer.

<u>Note</u>: The applicant should approach the City's Area Traffic Engineer to discuss the proposal before making a submission.

<u>Note</u>: If new parking signage is to be installed, the developer must immediately notify the City's Public Domain Unit.

(24) COST OF SIGNPOSTING

All costs associated with signposting for any kerbside parking restrictions and traffic management measures associated with the development shall be borne by the developer.

(25) LOADING DOCK MANAGEMENT PLAN

A Loading Dock Management Plan must be prepared and submitted to Council's Area Planning Manager for approval prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate. This plan must outline the proposed management of the loading and servicing of the site referencing measures such as those proposed in the draft such as a booking system and consolidated / group procurement to minimise service vehicle movements and potential queuing / conflicts.

(26) MANAGEMENT OF DRIVEWAY AND VEHICLE ENTRY / EXIT

Appropriate design, safety provisions and management practices must be put in place to reduce any potential or actual conflict with pedestrians, noting that service vehicles will reverse into the site, and exit the site in a forward motion,. These provisions must prioritise pedestrian priority at the driveway crossing and maintain pedestrian amenity within the locality.

<u>Note</u>: Audible sirens and flashing lights are not supported by Council and must not be used.

(27) ON-SITE LOADING OPERATION

All loading and unloading associated with the site must be carried out within the site at all times and must not obstruct other properties/units or the public way.

At all times the service vehicle docks, car parking spaces and access driveways must be kept clear of goods and must not be used for storage purposes, including garbage storage.

(28) TRAFFIC WORKS

Any proposals for alterations to the public road, involving traffic and parking arrangements, must be designed in accordance with RMS Technical

Directives and must be referred to and agreed to by the Local Pedestrian, Cycling and Traffic Calming Committee prior to any work commencing on site.

(29) COMPLIANCE WITH THE ACOUSTIC REPORT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND OR OCCUPATION CERTIFICATES

- (a) All relevant performance parameters (including but not limited to requirements, engineering assumptions and recommendations) in the DA Acoustic Report prepared by Acoustic Logic, dated 15/10/2019 ref 20191215.1 and revision 0 titled Development Application Acoustic Report, Council Ref 2019/572684 must be implemented in the development prior to the commencement of its use.
- (b) Prior to the issue of any relevant Construction Certificate, the final construction drawings and final construction methodology must be assessed and reported to be in accordance with the requirements of the DA Acoustic Report in (a) above, with reference to relevant documentation. This must be done by a Suitably Qualified Acoustic Consultant* (see definition below). This work will be to the satisfaction of the accredited certifier.
- (c) Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, a Suitably Qualified Acoustic Consultant* is to provide a written Acoustic Verification Report to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier that the development complies with the requirements set out in the Report and in (a) and (b) above.

Note: *Suitably Qualified Acoustic Consultant* means a consultant who possesses the qualifications to render them eligible for membership of the Australian Acoustics Society, Institution of Engineers Australia or the Association of Australian Acoustic Consultants at the grade of member.

(d) All physical aspects of the building's structure installed in order to meet performance parameters in accordance with this condition must be maintained at all times.

(30) DEMOLITION, EXCAVATION AND CONSTRUCTION NOISE AND VIBRATION MANAGEMENT PLAN

A site specific noise management plan shall be submitted to the Council for comment and approval prior to issue of any Construction Certificate.

The Plan must be prepared by a suitably qualified person who possesses the qualifications to render them eligible for membership of the Australian Acoustic Society, Institution of Engineers Australia or the Australian Association of Acoustic Consultants. The plan must include but not be limited to the following:-

- (a) Identification of noise sensitive receivers near to the site.
- (b) A prediction as to the level of noise impact likely to affect the nearest noise sensitive receivers from the use and proposed number of high noise intrusive appliances intended to be operated onsite. A statement should also be submitted outlining whether or not predicted noise levels will comply with the noise criteria stated within the *City of Sydney Construction Hours /Noise Code of Practice 1992* for the typical

construction hours of 07.00am to 7.00pm. Where resultant site noise levels are likely to be in exceedance of this noise criteria then a suitable proposal must be given as to the duration and frequency of respite periods that will be afforded to the occupiers of neighbouring property.

- (c) A representative background noise measurement (L_{A90, 15 minute}) should be submitted, assessed in the vicinity of any potentially affected receiver locations and measured in accordance with AS 1055:1.2.1997.
- (d) Confirmation of the level of community consultation that has/is and will be undertaken with Building Managers/ occupiers of the main adjoining noise sensitive properties likely to be most affected by site works and the operation of plant/machinery particularly during the demolition and excavation phases.
- (e) Confirmation of noise monitoring methodology that is to be undertaken during the main stages of work at neighbouring noise sensitive properties in order to keep complaints to a minimum and to ensure that noise from site works complies with the noise criteria contained within City's Construction Noise Code.
- (f) What course of action will be undertaken following receipt of a complaint concerning offensive noise
- (g) Details of any noise mitigation measures that have been outlined by an acoustic consultant or otherwise that will be deployed on site to reduce noise impacts on the occupiers of neighbouring noise sensitive property to a minimum.
- (h) What plant and equipment is to be used on site, the level of sound mitigation measures to be undertaken in each case and the criteria adopted in their selection taking into account the likely noise impacts on the occupiers of neighbouring property and other less intrusive technologies available.

(31) COMPLIANCE WITH DEMOLITION, EXCAVATION & CONSTRUCTION NOISE AND VIBRATION MANAGEMENT PLAN

- (a) All works conducted on site which form part of this development must be carried out in accordance with the approved Demolition, Excavation and Construction Management Plan.
- (b) Where all such control measures have been implemented and the resultant noise and/ or vibration levels at any sensitive receiver still exceed the council's applicable criteria stated in the *Construction Hours/Noise Code 1992* and are giving rise to sustained complaints then the contractor must provide regular, appropriate and sustained periods of respite in consultation with Council's Health and Building unit. Approval to vary the authorised noise and vibration levels must be received in writing by the proponent from Council prior to activities being undertaken that exceed sanctioned emission levels.

Such periods must be set and agreed to by Council's Health and Building Unit.

(32) NOISE - COMMERCIAL PLANT / INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

- (a) Noise from commercial plant and industrial development must not exceed a project amenity/intrusiveness noise level or maximum noise level in accordance with relevant requirements of the New South Wales Environment Protection Authority <u>Noise Policy for Industry 2017 (NPfl)</u> unless agreed to by the City's Area Planning Manager. Further:
 - Background noise monitoring must be carried out in accordance with the long-term methodology in <u>Fact Sheet B</u> of the NPfI unless otherwise agreed by the City's Area Planning Manager.
 - (ii) Commercial plant is limited to heating, ventilation, air conditioning, refrigeration and energy generation equipment.
- (b) An L_{Aeq,15 minute} (noise level) emitted from the development must not exceed the L_{A90,15 minute} (background noise level) by more than 3dB when assessed inside any habitable room of any affected residence or noise sensitive commercial premises at any time. Further:
 - (i) The noise level and the background noise level shall both be measured with all external doors and windows of the affected residence closed.
 - (ii) Background noise measurements must not include noise from the development but may include noise from necessary ventilation at the affected premise.
- (c) Corrections in <u>Fact Sheet C</u> of the NPfI are applicable to relevant noise from the development measured in accordance with this condition, however duration corrections are excluded from commercial noise.

(33) SHOP FRONTS

- (a) All shop front glazing must be clear and untinted and must not be obscured by blinds, curtains or the like.
- (b) Security roller shutters must not be installed on the outside of the shop front.
- (c) Merchandise, public telephones, stored material or the like must not be placed on the footway or other public areas.
- (d) No flashing signage visible from the public way shall be installed.
- (e) The approved layout must not be altered, without the prior approval of Council, where it would result in the shopfront being obscured in any way.
- (f) Any proposed shelving along the glass shopfronts must be of an openframed, see through construction and the combined height of shelving and any goods displayed must not exceed 1200mm above the finished floor level.

(g) All shelving, shop fittings, refrigeration equipment and the like which are placed in front of windows, must be kept a minimum of 1 metres from the inside face of the window.

(34) SIGNS- SEPARATE DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION REQUIRED

No consent is granted or implied for either the erection of any signage under this development consent.

A separate development application or applications for the erection of any signs (other than exempt or complying signs under the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008) must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to the erection or display of any such signs.

(35) SIGNAGE STRATEGY

A signage strategy, prepared in accordance with the provisions in Section 3.16.1 of the Sydney Development Control Plan 2012, must be submitted to and approved by the City's Area Planning Manager, prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate.

(36) SIGNS/GOODS IN THE PUBLIC WAY

No signs or goods are to be placed on the footway or roadway adjacent to the property.

SCHEDULE 1B

PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE/COMMENCEMENT OF WORK/HEALTH AND BUILDING

(37) ACCESS AND FACILITIES FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

The building must be designed and constructed to provide access and facilities for people with a disability in accordance with the *Building Code of Australia*.

If, in complying with this condition, amendments to the development are required, the design changes must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

(38) ASBESTOS REMOVAL WORKS

 (a) All works removing asbestos containing materials must be carried out by a suitably licensed asbestos removalist duly licensed with Safework New South Wales, holding either a Friable (Class A) or a Non-Friable (Class B) Asbestos Removal Licence which ever applies.

A copy of the relevant licence shall be made available to any authorised Council officer on request within 24 hours.

- (b) Five days prior to the commencement of licensed asbestos removal, Safework New South Wales must be formally notified of the works. All adjoining properties and those opposite the development must be notified in writing of the dates and times when asbestos removal is to be conducted. The notification must identify the licensed asbestos removal contractor and include a contact person for the site together with telephone number and email address.
- (c) All work must be carried out in accordance with the Work Health and Safety Regulation, 2017 and the New South Wales Government and SafeWork New South Wales document entitled How to manage and control asbestos in the work place: Code of Practice (Safework New South Wales) December 2011 and the City of Sydney Managing Asbestos Policy dated 21 October 2013 and associated guidelines.
- (d) The asbestos removalist must use signs and barricades to clearly indicate the area where the asbestos removal work is being performed. Signs must be placed in positions so that people are aware of where the asbestos removal work area is and should remain in place until removal is completed and clearance to reoccupy has been granted. Responsibilities for the security and safety of the asbestos removal site and removal must be specified in the asbestos removal control plan (where required). This includes inaccessible areas that are likely to contain asbestos.
- (e) Warning signs must be placed so they inform all people nearby that asbestos removal work is taking place in the area. Signs must be placed at all of the main entry points to the asbestos removal work area where asbestos is present. These signs must be weatherproof, constructed of light-weight material and adequately secured so they remain in prominent locations. The signs must be in accordance with AS 1319 -

1994 *Safety Signs for the Occupational Environment* for size, illumination, location and maintenance.

- (f) Asbestos waste must only be transported and disposed of at an EPA licensed waste facility.
- (g) No asbestos products are to be reused on the site (i.e. packing pieces, spacers, formwork or fill etc).
- (h) No asbestos laden skips or bins are to be left in any public place without the written approval of Council.
- A site notice board must be located at the main entrance to the site in a prominent position and must have minimum dimensions of 841mm x 594mm (A1) with any text on the notice to be a minimum of 30 point type size.

The site notice board must include the following:

- (i) Contact person for the site;
- (ii) Telephone and facsimile numbers and email address; and
- (iii) Site activities and time frames.

(39) HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SURVEY REQUIRED

A Hazardous Materials Survey Report must be prepared by a certified Occupational Hygienist (*Australia Institute of Occupational Hygienists*) and submitted to the satisfaction of the City's Area Planning Manager prior to any demolition / refurbishment work commencing at the site. The report must identify and record the type, location and extent of any hazardous materials on the site and make recommendations as to their safe management and/or removal to ensure the site is made safe for demolition, construction and future use/occupation.

(40) COMPLIANCE WITH HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SURVEY REPORT

All of the recommendations for management and/or removal of hazardous materials on the site, as outlined in the Hazardous Materials Survey Report, as approved by the City's Area Planning Manager must be complied with.

Prior to the Occupation Certificate, certification must be submitted to the Principal Certifier from a certified Occupational Hygienist (*Australia Institute of Occupational Hygienists*) confirming that all hazardous materials identified have been contained, managed or removed in accordance with the recommendations given in the Hazardous Materials Survey Report approved by the City's Area Planning Manager and that the site is safe for future occupation in accordance with the approved use.

(41) ANNUAL FIRE SAFETY STATEMENT FORM

An annual Fire Safety Statement must be given to Council and Rescue New South Wales commencing within 12 months after the date on which the initial

Interim/Final Fire Safety Certificate is issued or the use commencing, whichever is earlier.

(42) EXTERNAL WALLS AND CLADDING FLAMMABILITY

The external walls of the building including attachments must comply with the relevant requirements of the Building Code of Australia (BCA). Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate and Occupation Certificate the Accredited Certifier and the Principal Certifier must:

- (a) Be satisfied that suitable evidence is provided to demonstrate that the products and systems proposed for use or used in the construction of external walls including finishes and claddings such as synthetic or aluminium composite panels comply with the relevant requirements of the BCA; and
- (b) Ensure that the documentation relied upon in the approval processes include an appropriate level of detail to demonstrate compliance with the BCA as proposed and as built.

(43) FLASHINGS TO BOUNDARY WALLS

A flashing must be provided to prevent water entering between the proposed and existing external boundary walls of the adjoining properties.

<u>Note</u>: Attachments or connections to party walls may require the consent of the adjoining property owner/s.

(44) OPERATING HOISTING DEVICES INCLUDING BUILDING MAINTENANCE UNITS OVER A PUBLIC ROAD

If it is proposed to install a building maintenance unit or operate a hoisting device above a road (footpath) including swinging, hoisting material/equipment and slewing any part of the device, a separate application under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act, 1993* and Section 138 of the *Roads Act, 1993* must be made to Council to obtain approval.

<u>Note</u>: Building maintenance unit means a power operated suspended platform and associated equipment on a building specifically designed to provide permanent access to the faces of the building for maintenance (*Work Health and Safety Regulation, 2017*).

(45) PRODUCTS BANNED UNDER THE BUILDING PRODUCTS (SAFETY) ACT 2017

- (a) No building products that are banned, or products that are subject to a ban if used in a particular way, under the *Building Products (Safety) Act, 2017* are to be used in the construction of the development approved in this development consent.
- (b) Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the principal certifier is to confirm that none of the building products used on the building are subject to a building product use ban under the *Building Products* (*Safety*) Act, 2017 or, if a product is only subject to a ban if used in a

particular way that it is not used in any way contrary to the *Building Products* (*Safety*) *Act,* 2017.

(46) STRUCTURAL CERTIFICATION FOR DESIGN – BCA (ALL BUILDING CLASSES)

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, structural details and a Structural Certificate for Design by a qualified practising structural engineer and in accordance with Clause A5.2(1)(e) of the Building Code of Australia must be submitted to the satisfaction of Council (where Council is the Accredited Certifier).

(47) EMISSIONS

- (a) The use of the premises must not give rise to the emission of gases, vapours, dusts or other impurities which are a nuisance, injurious or prejudicial to health.
- (b) Gaseous emissions from the development must comply with the requirements of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act, 1997* and *Protection of the Environment Operations (Clean Air) Regulation, 2010.*

(48) NOTIFICATION – NEW CONTAMINATION EVIDENCE

Any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination shall be notified to the City's Area Planning Manager and the Principal Certifying Authority immediately.

(49) CLASSIFICATION OF WASTE

Prior to the exportation of waste (including fill or soil) from the site, the waste materials must be classified in accordance with the provisions of the Protection of the *Environment Operations Act, 1997* and the *New South Wales DECC Waste Classification Guidelines, Part1: Classifying Waste (July 2009).* The classification of the material is essential to determine where the waste may be legally taken. The *Protection of the Environment Operations Act, 1997* provides for the commission of an offence for both the waste owner and the transporters if the waste is taken to a place that cannot lawfully be used as a waste facility for the particular class of waste. For the transport and disposal of industrial, hazardous or Group A liquid waste advice should be sought from the EPA.

(50) ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

Prior to the commencement of any demolition and remedial works an Environmental Management Plan (EMP) must be prepared for the site and submitted to Council's Area Planning Manager for written approval prior to the commencement of work. The EMP must consider all potential environmental impacts from the approved works including but not limited to sedimentation control, contamination containment, stockpiles, noise and vibration, odours and dust emissions.

All works must be undertaken onsite in accordance with the approved Environmental Management Plan.

(51) IMPORTED FILL MATERIALS

All fill imported onto the site shall be validated to ensure the imported fill is suitable for the proposed land use from a contamination perspective. Fill imported on to the site shall also be compatible with the existing soil characteristic for site drainage purposes.

The City may require details of appropriate validation of imported fill material to be submitted with any application for future development of the site. Hence all fill imported onto the site should be validated by either one or both of the following methods during remediation works:

- (a) Imported fill should be accompanied by documentation from the supplier which certifies that the material is not contaminated based upon analyses of the material for the known past history of the site where the material is obtained; and/or
- (b) Sampling and analysis of the fill material shall be conducted in accordance with New South Wales Environment Protection Authority (1995) Sampling Design Guidelines.

(52) STOCKPILES

- (a) No stockpiles of soil or other materials shall be placed on footpaths or nature strips unless prior approval has been obtained from the City's Construction Regulation Unit.
- (b) All stockpiles of soil or other materials shall be placed away from drainage lines, gutters or stormwater pits or inlets.
- (c) All stockpiles of soil or other materials likely to generate dust or odours shall be covered.
- (d) All stockpiles of contaminated soil shall be stored in a secure area and be covered if remaining more than 24 hours

(53) PHYSICAL MODELS

(a) Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate an accurate 1:500 scale model of the development as constructed must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Coordinator Planning Assessments/Area Planning Manager for the City Model in Town Hall House.

Note:

(i) The models must be constructed in accordance with the Model Specifications are available online at

http://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/applicationguide/application-process/model-requirements Council's modellers must be consulted prior to construction of the model.

- (ii) The models are to comply with all of the conditions of the Development Consent.
- (iii) The models must be amended to reflect any further modifications to the approval (under Section 4.55 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979*) that affect the external appearance of the building.

(54) SUBMISSION OF ELECTRONIC CAD MODELS PRIOR TO OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE

- (a) Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued, an accurate 1:1 electronic CAD model of the completed development must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Coordinator Planning Assessments/Area Planning Manager for the electronic Visualisation City Model.
- (b) The data required to be submitted within the surveyed location must include and identify:
 - (i) Building design above and below ground in accordance with the development consent;
 - (ii) All underground services and utilities, underground structures and basements, known archaeological structures and artefacts;
 - (iii) A current two points on the site boundary clearly marked to show their Northing and Easting MGA (Map Grid of Australia) coordinates, which must be based on Established Marks registered in the Department of Lands and Property Information's SCIMS Database with a Horizontal Position Equal to or better than Class C.

The data is to be submitted as a DGN or DWG file on a Compact Disc. All modelling is to be referenced to the Map Grid of Australia (MGA) spatially located in the Initial Data Extraction file.

(c) The electronic model must be constructed in accordance with the City's 3D CAD electronic model specification. The specification is available online at <u>http://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/applicationguide/application-process/model-requirements</u> Council's Modelling staff should be consulted prior to creation of the model. The data is to comply with all of the conditions of the Development Consent.

(55) INTERFERENCE WITH THE SYDNEY LIGHT RAIL OPERATION -GENERAL - TRANSPORT FOR NEW SOUTH WALES

The applicant must comply with:

(a) All Altrac Light Rail Partnership (Altrac) or any subsequent operator of Sydney Light Rail (Sydney Light Rail Operator) policies, rules and procedures when working in and about the Sydney Light Rail corridor; and

(b) The requirements of T HR CI 12080 ST External Developments version 1.0 and Development Near Rail Corridors and Busy Roads - Interim Guidelines.

(56) OTHER CONTRACTOR DEED POLL FORM - TRANSPORT FOR NEW SOUTH WALES

Prior to the issue of any construction certificate or any preparatory, demolition or excavation works, whichever is the earlier, the applicant must sign an Other Contractor Deed Poll form. The form can be accessed from Transport for NSW by sending an email to development.sco@transport.nsw.gov.au. The email shall include the subject line "Other Contractor Deed Poll form".

(57) FREIGHT AND SERVICING MANAGEMENT - TRANSPORT FOR NEW SOUTH WALES

Prior to the issue of the relevant Construction Certificate, the applicant shall prepare a Freight and Servicing Management Plan in consultation with the Sydney Coordination Office within TfNSW. The applicant shall submit a copy of the final plan to the Coordinator General, Transport Coordination for endorsement.

This Plan needs to specify, but not limited to, the following:

- Details of the development's freight and servicing profile, including the forecast freight and servicing traffic volumes by vehicle size, frequency, time of day and duration of stay;
- (b) An altered design of the proposed development which includes adequate on-site loading to accommodate the forecast demand of the development; and
- (c) If the previous point is not achievable, details of shared off-street parking facilities at another location close to the site which adequately accommodate the forecast demand of the development so as to not rely on the kerbside restrictions to conduct the development's business.

If the development uses share off-street parking facilities, the applicant needs to ensure that an agreement to share off-street parking facilities is finalised prior to the issue of any construction certificate.

The Freight and Servicing Management Plan shall be implemented by the applicant following the issue of the Occupation Certificate.

(58) CONSTRUCTION PEDESTRIAN AND TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT -GENERAL - TRANSPORT FOR NEW SOUTH WALES

Construction vehicles shall not travel, stop or park on George Street (between Hunter Street and Bathurst Street) at any time without prior approval of the Sydney Coordination Office within Transport for NSW.

(59) CONSTRUCTION PEDESTRIAN AND TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN -TRANSPORT FOR NEW SOUTH WALES

Prior to the issue of any construction certificate or any preparatory, demolition or excavation works, whichever is the earlier, the applicant shall:

- (a) Prepare a Construction Pedestrian and Traffic Management Plan (CPTMP) in consultation with the Sydney Coordination Office within TfNSW and the Sydney Light Rail Operator. The CPTMP needs to specify matters including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (i) A description of the development;
 - (ii) Location of any proposed work zone(s), noting that George Street is not a suitable location;
 - Details of crane arrangements including location of any crane(s) and crane movement plan if there will be cranes on the light rail side of the building;
 - (iv) Haulage routes;
 - (v) Proposed construction hours;
 - (vi) Predicted number of construction vehicle movements and detail of vehicle types, noting that vehicle movements are to be minimised during peak periods;
 - (vii) Construction program and construction methodology;
 - (viii) A detailed plan of any proposed hoarding and/or scaffolding, including adequate clearance for pedestrian movement alongside light rail vehicles and stop infrastructure;
 - (ix) Measures to avoid construction worker vehicle movements within the CBD;
 - Consultation strategy for liaison with surrounding stakeholders, including other developments under construction and the Sydney Light Rail Operator;
 - (xi) Any potential impacts to general traffic, cyclists, pedestrians and light rail and bus services within the vicinity of the site from construction vehicles during the construction of the proposed works;
 - (xii) Cumulative construction impacts of projects including Sydney Metro City and South West and Wynyard Place development. Existing CPTMPs for developments within or around the development site should be referenced in the CPTMP to ensure that coordination of work activities are managed to minimise impacts on the surrounding road network; and
 - (xiii) Proposed mitigation measures. Should any impacts be identified, the duration of the impacts and measures proposed to mitigate any

associated general traffic, public transport, pedestrian and cyclist impacts should be clearly identified and included in the CPTMP.

- (b) Submit a copy of the final plan to the Coordinator General, Transport Coordination within TfNSW for endorsement; and
- (c) Provide the builder's direct contact number to small businesses adjoining or impacted by the construction work and the Transport Management Centre and Sydney Coordination Office within Transport for NSW to resolve issues relating to traffic, public transport, freight, servicing and pedestrian access during construction in real time. The applicant is responsible for ensuring the builder's direct contact number is current during any stage of construction.

(60) CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN

(a) A Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP) must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate. The CTMP must be prepared in accordance with Council's requirements, located on the City's website at:

http://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/business/businessresponsibilities/traffic-management/construction-traffic-managementplans

(b) The approved CTMP must be complied with at all times while the development is under construction.

(61) DEMOLITION, EXCAVATION AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT

- (a) Prior to the commencement of demolition and/or excavation work the following details must be submitted to and be approved by the Principal Certifier:
 - (i) Plans and elevations showing distances of the subject building from the location of adjoining and common/party walls, and (where applicable) the proposed method of facade retention;
 - A Demolition Work Method Statement prepared by a licensed demolisher who is registered with the Work Cover Authority. (The demolition by induced collapse, the use of explosives or on-site burning is not permitted.);
 - (iii) An Excavation Work Method Statement prepared by an appropriately qualified person;
 - (iv) A Waste Management Plan for the demolition and or excavation of the proposed development; and
 - (v) Plans and elevations showing the location, construction and installation of temporary site fencing and any temporary structures used in connection with the construction of the development.

<u>Note</u>: Temporary structures, including hoardings and scaffolding, proposed for erection on City-owned and controlled land (footways and

roadways), must comply with the City's *Guidelines for Hoardings and Scaffolding* and be approved by Council under the provisions of the *Local Government Act, 1993* and the *Roads Act, 1993* prior to installation.

- (b) Such statements must, where applicable, be in compliance with AS2601-2001 Demolition of Structures, the Work, Health and Safety Act 2011 and Regulation; Council's Policy for Waste Minimisation in New Developments 2005, the Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act, 2001, and all other relevant acts and regulations and must include provisions for:
 - (i) A Materials Handling Statement for the removal of refuse from the site in accordance with the *Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001*;
 - (ii) The name and address of the company/contractor undertaking demolition/excavation works;
 - (iii) The name and address of the company/contractor undertaking off site remediation/disposal of excavated materials;
 - (iv) The name and address of the transport contractor;
 - (v) The type and quantity of material to be removed from site;
 - (vi) Location and method of waste disposal and recycling;
 - (vii) Proposed truck routes, in accordance with this development consent;
 - (viii) Procedures to be adopted for the prevention of loose or contaminated material, spoil, dust and litter from being deposited onto the public way from trucks and associated equipment and the proposed method of cleaning surrounding roadways from such deposits. (Note: With regard to demolition of buildings, dust emission must be minimised for the full height of the building. A minimum requirement is that perimeter scaffolding, combined with chain wire and shade cloth must be used, together with continuous water spray during the demolition process. Compressed air must not be used to blow dust from the building site);
 - (ix) Measures to control noise emissions from the site;
 - (x) Measures to suppress odours;
 - (xi) Enclosing and making the site safe;
 - (xii) Induction training for on-site personnel;
 - (xiii) Written confirmation that an appropriately qualified Occupational Hygiene Consultant has inspected the building/site for asbestos, contamination and other hazardous materials, in accordance with the procedures acceptable to SafeWork New South Wales;

- (xiv) An Asbestos and Hazardous Materials Clearance Certificate by a person approved by the SafeWork New South Wales;
- (xv) Disconnection of utilities;
- (xvi) Fire Fighting. (Fire fighting services on site are to be maintained at all times during demolition work. Access to fire services in the street must not be obstructed);
- (xvii) Access and egress. (Demolition and excavation activity must not cause damage to or adversely affect the safe access and egress of the subject building or any adjacent buildings);
- (xviii) Waterproofing of any exposed surfaces of adjoining buildings;
- (xix) Control of water pollution and leachate and cleaning of vehicles tyres (proposals must be in accordance with the *Protection of the Environmental Operations Act, 1997*).
- (xx) Working hours, in accordance with this development consent; and
- (xxi) Any SafeWork New South Wales requirements.
- (c) The approved work method statements and a waste management plan as required by this condition must be implemented in full during the period of construction.

(62) DILAPIDATION REPORT

- (a) Subject to the receipt of permission of the affected landowner, dilapidation report/s, including a photographic survey of the following properties are to be prepared by an appropriately qualified structural engineer prior to commencement of demolition/excavation works:
 - (i) 323-325 George Street, Sydney; and
 - (ii) 331-339 George Street, Sydney.
- (b) A copy of the dilapidation report/s together with the accompanying photographs must be given to the above property owners, and a copy lodged with the Accredited Certifier and the Council prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

UPON COMPLETION OF EXCAVATION/DEMOLITION

(b) A second Dilapidation Report/s, including a photographic survey must then be submitted at least one month after the completion of demolition/excavation works. A copy of the second dilapidation report/s, together with the accompanying photographs must be given to the above property owners, and a copy lodged with the Principal Certifier and the Council prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

Any damage to buildings, structures, lawns, trees, sheds, gardens and the like must be fully rectified by the applicant or owner, at no cost to the affected property owner. <u>Note</u>: Prior to the commencement of the building surveys, the applicant/owner must advise (in writing) all property owners of buildings to be surveyed of what the survey will entail and of the process for making a claim regarding property damage. A copy of this information must be submitted to Council.

(63) EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Prior to the commencement of demolition/excavation/construction work, an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) must be submitted to and be approved by the Principal Certifier. The ESCP must:

- (a) Conform to the specifications and standards contained in Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction (Landcom, 2004); the Guidelines for Erosion and Sediment Control on Building Sites (City of Sydney, 2004); and the New South Wales *Protection of the Environment Operations Act, 1997.*
- (b) Include a drawing(s) that clearly shows:
 - (i) Location of site boundaries and adjoining roads;
 - (ii) Approximate grades and indications of direction(s) of fall;
 - (iii) Approximate location of trees and other vegetation, showing items for removal or retention;
 - (iv) Location of site access, proposed roads and other impervious areas;
 - (v) Existing and proposed drainage patterns with stormwater discharge points; and
 - (vi) North point and scale
- (c) Specify how soil conservation measures will be conducted on site including:
 - (i) Timing of works;
 - (ii) Locations of lands where a protective ground cover will, as far as is practicable, be maintained;
 - (iii) Access protection measures;
 - (iv) Nature and extent of earthworks, including the amount of any cut and fill;
 - (v) Where applicable, the diversion of runoff from upslope lands around the disturbed areas;
 - (vi) Location of all soil and other material stockpiles including topsoil storage, protection and reuse methodology;

- (vii) Procedures by which stormwater is to be collected and treated prior to discharge including details of any proposed pollution control device(s);
- (viii) Frequency and nature of any maintenance program; and
- (ix) Other site-specific soil or water conservation structures.

(64) ROAD OPENING PERMIT

A separate Road Opening Permit under Section 138 of the *Roads Act, 1993* must be obtained from Council prior to the commencement of any:

- (a) Excavation in or disturbance of a public way; or
- (b) Excavation on land that, if shoring were not provided, may disturb the surface of a public road (including footpath).

(65) SANDSTONE RECYCLING

- (a) A Geotechnical Report prepared by a suitably qualified geotechnical engineer is to be submitted to Council's Area Coordinator Planning Assessments / Area Planning Manager prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate. The report is to include an investigation of the nature of the existing subsurface profile using appropriate investigation methodology and borehole testing techniques.
- (b) The Geotechnical Report is to analyse the quality of the material, including contamination, and to assess the suitability of the rock for removal by cutting into quarry blocks for use as high quality building construction material, including for building conservation.
- (c) Subject to confirmation that the rock is of a suitable quality for reuse in other construction, the Geotechnical Report is to include an Excavation Work Method Statement with recommendations as to the depth of the most suitable profile, details excavation methodologies, cutting methods and procedures for the removal of all sandstone material in a useable form and size, noise and dust attenuation measures in addition to recommendations for monitoring, notifications and review.
- (d) In addition, details of any required storage of material off site must be submitted. If the quantity of sandstone material exceeds the needs of the site, or if the approved development does not provide for the use of any sandstone, or if the material is 'Yellow Block' sandstone required for conservation of buildings, the material must be stored in an appropriate location for later reuse. Storage may be able to be facilitated by the Council or the NSW Department of Commerce. Please contact the Manager Centenary Stonework Program at the NSW Department of Finance and Services on 9372 8526 for further enquiries with regard to storage.
- (e) The programming of the works is to take into account, the above process.

(66) TEMPORARY GROUND ANCHORS, TEMPORARY SHORING AND PERMANENT BASEMENT/RETAINING WALLS AFFECTING THE ROAD RESERVE

For temporary shoring including ground anchors affecting the road reserve, a separate application under Section 138 of the *Roads Act, 1993* must be lodged with Council.

(67) ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION

- (a) The applicant must apply to the Heritage Division of the Department of Environment and Heritage for an excavation permit under Section 140 of the *Heritage Act, 1977*.
- (b) Should any potential archaeological deposit likely to contain Aboriginal objects be identified by any person during the planning or historical assessment stage, application must be made by a suitably qualified archaeologist to the NSW Government Office of Environment and Heritage for an excavation permit for Aboriginal objects.
- (c) The applicant must comply with the conditions and requirements of any excavation permit required, and are to ensure that allowance is made for compliance with these conditions and requirements into the development program.
- (d) General bulk excavation of the site is not to commence prior to compliance with the conditions and requirements of any excavation permit required.
- (e) Should any relics be unexpectedly discovered in any areas of the site not subject to an excavation permit, then all excavation or disturbance to the area is to stop immediately and the Heritage Council of NSW should be informed in accordance with Section 146 of the *Heritage Act*, 1977.
- (f) Should any Aboriginal objects be unexpectedly discovered then all excavation or disturbance of the area is to stop immediately and NSW Government Office of Environment and Heritage is to be informed in accordance with Section 89A of the *National Parks and Wildlife Act, 1974*; and
- (g) Should any archaeological remains or Aboriginal objects be discovered, a copy of recording of the finds and the final archaeological summary report is to be submitted to Council's Area Coordinator Planning Assessments / Area Planning Manager prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate.

(68) PHOTOGRAPHIC ARCHIVAL DOCUMENTATION

Prior to a Construction Certificate being issued, an archival photographic recording of the building(s) and structure(s) to be demolished is to be prepared to Council's satisfaction. The recording is to be in digital form, or a combination of both, prepared in accordance with the NSW Heritage Division of the Department of Environment and Heritage guidelines titled "Photographic Recording of Heritage Items using Film or Digital Capture". One copy of the record is to be submitted to Council to be lodged with Council's Archives.

The form of the recording is to be as follows:

- (a) The Development Application number must be noted on the submitted information;
- (b) Include a summary report detailing the project description, date and authorship of the photographic record, method of documentation and limitations of the photographic record;
- (c) Include written confirmation, issued with the authority of both the applicant and the photographer that the City of Sydney is granted a perpetual non-exclusive licence to make use of the copyright in all images supplied, including the right to make copies available to third parties as though they were Council images. The signatures of both the applicant and the photographer must be included;
- (d) The report is to be submitted on a USB, CD or DVD, in PDF/A format, (created directly from the digital original), with the digital catalogue of images containing the following data for each: DOS title, image subject/description and data photograph was taken; and
- (e) The electronic images are to be taken with a minimum 8 megapixel camera, saved as JPEG TIFF or PDF files with a size of approximately 4-6MB, and cross referenced to the digital catalogue sheets and base plans. Choose only images that are necessary to document the process, and avoid duplicate images.

(69) PUBLIC ART

Public art work must be installed to the satisfaction of Council's Area Planning Manager prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

The public artwork must be in accordance with the Sydney Development Control Plan 2012, the City of Sydney Public Art Policy, and the City of Sydney Interim guidelines: public art in private developments.

Final details of the proposed public art work must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager, in the form of a Public Art Plan, prior to issue of any Construction Certificate for above ground works.

<u>Note</u>: Public Art, including artist shortlisting, must be reviewed and endorsed by the City's Public Art Team and/or the Public Art Advisory Panel prior to submission of a final Public Art Plan for Council approval. Further information is available online at <u>http://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/explore/arts-andculture/public-art</u>.

Please contact the Public Art Team at <u>publicartreferrals@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au</u> for further information.

(70) PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD / DILAPIDATION REPORT - PUBLIC DOMAIN

Prior to an approval for demolition being granted or a Construction Certificate being issued, whichever is earlier, a photographic recording of the public domain site frontages is to be prepared and submitted to Council's satisfaction.

The recording must include clear images of the building facade adjoining the footpath, the footpath, nature strip, kerb and gutter, driveway crossovers and laybacks, kerb ramps, road carriageway, street trees and plantings, parking restriction and traffic signs, and all other existing infrastructure along the street.

The form of the recording is to be as follows:-

- (a) A PDF format report containing all images at a scale that clearly demonstrates the existing site conditions;
- (b) Each image is to be labelled to identify the elements depicted, the direction that the image is viewed towards, and include the name of the relevant street frontage;
- (c) Each image is to be numbered and cross referenced to a site location plan;
- (d) A summary report, prepared by a suitable qualified professional, must be submitted in conjunction with the images detailing the project description, identifying any apparent existing defects, detailing the date and authorship of the photographic record, the method of documentation and limitations of the photographic record; and
- (e) Include written confirmation, issued with the authority of both the applicant and the photographer that the City of Sydney is granted a perpetual non-exclusive license to make use of the copyright in all images supplied, including the right to make copies available to third parties as though they were Council images. The signatures of both the applicant and the photographer must be included.

Any damage to the public way including trees, footpaths, kerbs, gutters, road carriageway and the like must immediately be made safe and functional by the applicant. Damage must be fully rectified by the applicant in accordance with the City's standards prior to a Certificate of Completion being issued for Public Domain Works or before an Occupation Certificate is issued for the development, whichever is earlier.

(71) SURVEY INFRASTRUCTURE – IDENTIFICATION AND RECOVERY

Under Section 24 of the *Surveying and Spatial Information Act, 2002,* it is an offence to remove, damage, destroy, displace, obliterate or deface any survey mark unless authorised to do so by the Surveyor-General. Accordingly, the applicant must, where possible, ensure the preservation of existing survey infrastructure undisturbed and in its original state or else provide evidence of the Surveyor-General's authorisation to remove or replace marks.

Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate, documentary evidence must be prepared by a Registered Surveyor and submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager / Coordinator. This evidence must include either:

(a) A copy of any Surveyor-General's Approval for Survey Mark Removal granted by NSW Spatial Services for the subject site, including all documentation submitted as part of that application (for example the survey mark audit schedule, strategy plan and strategy report); or (b) A letter, signed by a current NSW Registered Land Surveyor and including his or her Board of Surveying and Spatial Information (BOSSI) identification number, stating that all investigations required under Surveyor-General's Direction No.11 have been made for the subject site and that no survey infrastructure will be affected by the proposal.

Council's Principal Surveyor may request further information and/or add conditions to any Surveyor-General's Approval at their discretion.

(72) PUBLIC DOMAIN CONCEPT PLAN

A concept public domain plan, showing all the site frontages and extending a minimum of 5 metres past the boundary and to the middle of the road, must be prepared in accordance with the *Public Domain Manual* and the City's *Sydney Street Code* It must be submitted to and approved by Council's Public Domain Unit prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate for the development other than for demolition or excavation. The plan must include (where relevant) all existing and proposed paving materials, locations of street trees, site furniture, light poles, signage and other public domain elements.

Note: A detailed Public Domain Plan will be required prior to construction (refer to Public Domain Plan Detailed documentation for construction).

(73) PUBLIC DOMAIN LEVELS AND GRADIENTS

Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate, a Public Domain Levels and Gradients submission for the building and site frontages must be submitted to and approved by the City's Public Domain Unit. The submission, must be prepared in accordance with the City's *Public Domain Manual* and submitted with a completed *Application for Public Domain Levels and Gradients*. Information on how to complete the submission can be downloaded from the City's website at https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/.

Any requirements to comply with Disability Discrimination Act at the entrance to a building or publically accessible space must be resolved inside the site boundary.

Note: Public Domain Levels and Gradients plans are to be included with Public Domain Plan – Detailed Documentation for Construction Condition submission.

(74) STORMWATER DRAINAGE DESIGN

Prior to issue of any Construction Certificate a detailed stormwater management plan prepared by suitable qualified and experienced professionals demonstrating compliance with the requirements of Section 3.7.2 - Drainage and Stormwater Management, Section 3.7.3 – Stormwater Quality, 3.7.4 – Additional provisions for Commercial and Industrial Properties of the Sydney Development Control Plan 2012 must be submitted to and approved by Council's Public Domain Unit.

The submission must include the following;

(a) A stormwater infrastructure design certification, stating that the proposed design complies with:

- (i) Council's Sydney Streets Technical Specifications, Part A4 Stormwater Drainage Design;
- (ii) Council's *Sydney Streets Technical Specifications*, Standard Drawings;
- (iii) Council's Sydney Streets Technical Specifications, Part B10: Stormwater Drainage Construction; and
- (iv) All relevant Australian Standards.
- (b) Structural certification of the hydraulic and structural design of all elements, excluding standard details from Council's *Sydney Streets Technical Specifications*.

The above certification shall accompany information that address the requirements of *Section 4.5 Data Requirements*, *Part A4 Stormwater Drainage Design* of Council's *Sydney Streets Technical Specifications*. This information is available for download from the City's website at https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/.

The requirements of Sydney Water with regard to the on-site detention (OSD) of stormwater must be ascertained and complied with. Evidence of the approval must be submitted to Council prior to any Construction Certificate other than demolition.

- (a) Note: A Deed of Agreement for all proposed connections to the City's drainage system, and a Positive Covenant for all OSD systems may be required prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate.
- (b) Note: The total discharge per site from kerb outlets must not exceed 25Litres/sec. If site discharge is greater, a connection must be made to a Council kerb inlet pit. If no kerb inlet pit exists, an extension of the Council storm water pipe system is required with a minimum 375mm diameter RCP.

(75) PUBLIC DOMAIN LIGHTING UPGRADE

Prior to issue of any Construction Certificate for excavation, civil construction, drainage or building work (whichever is earlier), a concept Public Domain Lighting Upgrade Plan for pedestrian and street lighting in the public domain must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager / Coordinator. The Lighting Plan must be prepared in accordance with the *Sydney Streets Technical Specifications* A5 and B8, *Sydney Lights Design Code* and *Public Domain Manual*. This information is available for download from the City's website at https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/.

The lighting upgrade plan must cover all adjacent George Street and Wynyard Lane street frontages and shall be designed to include:

- (a) George Street:
 - (i) Provision of under awning lighting as per the requirements of City of Sydney Awnings Policy; and

- (ii) Lighting compliance with AS1158.3.1 Category P6.
- (b) Wynyard Lane:
 - (i) Provision of building facade mounted City of Sydney standard pedestrian lighting; and
 - (ii) Lighting compliance with AS1158.3.1 Category P1.

(76) DEWATERING

Prior approval must be sought from the City's Public Domain Unit to discharge any groundwater into the City's stormwater drainage system.

Other options for the disposal of groundwater include disposal to sewer with prior approval from Sydney Water, or off-site disposal by a liquid waste transporter for treatment/disposal to an appropriate waste treatment/processing facility.

(77) PUBLIC DOMAIN PLAN DETAILED DOCUMENTATION FOR CONSTRUCTION

A detailed public domain plan and all relevant documentation must be submitted to and approved by the City's Public Domain Unit prior to the construction of any public domain works. This Plan must document all works required to ensure that the public domain complies with the City of Sydney's *Public Domain Manual, Sydney Streets Code, Sydney Street Tree Masterplan, Sydney Lights Design Code, Sydney Streets Technical Specification* and *Sydney's Parks Code.* The plan must consider footway pavement, kerb and gutter, drainage, vehicle crossovers, lighting, signage and other public domain elements. The documentation must be *checked, accurate, and comply with specified requirement*s. Plans must be based on an accurate survey, to scale and fully coordinated across all disciplines and submissions. The supplied documentation must be to construction standard and will be approved under Section 138 of the *Roads Act, 1993.*

The Public Domain Manual and all other relevant documents are available for download from Council's website at <u>https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/</u>.

The Public Domain Plan documentation must be submitted with an *Application for Public Domain Plan Assessment*. If the proposed detailed design of the public domain requires changes to any previously approved levels, an *Application for Public Domain Levels and Gradients* must be submitted to and approved by the Public Domain Unit to reflect these changes prior to an approval being issued for the construction of public domain work.

<u>Note</u>: Stamped plans will be issued for construction and approved under Section 138 of the *Roads Act, 1993*.

(78) SECTION 138 ROADS ACT APPROVAL

Approval under Section 138 of the *Roads Act, 1993* must be obtained from Council prior to the commencement of any excavation in or disturbance of a public way for the construction of approved public domain works.

(79) HOLD POINTS

Prior to an approval being issued for the construction of public domain work, including civil, drainage and subsurface works, a set of hold points for approved public domain, civil and drainage work is to be provided by the City's Public Domain Unit in accordance with the City of *Sydney's Public Domain Manual* and *Sydney Streets Technical Specification* (an approved list of hold points will be included in the Public Domain works Approval letter). These hold points must be adhered to during construction works.

(80) DRAINAGE CONNECTION

For approval of a connection into the City of Sydney's drainage system an *"Application for Approval of Stormwater Drainage Connections"* must be submitted to the City, together with an application fee in accordance with the City of Sydney's adopted Schedule of Fees and Charges. This must be approved prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate for the public domain.

(81) LIGHTING RETICULATION

Prior to the issue of any relevant approval for the construction of public domain works, a detailed Public Domain Lighting Plan for pedestrian and street lighting in the public domain must be submitted to and approved by Council's Public Domain Unit in accordance with the City of Sydney's *Sydney Lights Design Code, Sydney Streets Code, Sydney Streets Technical Specification* and *Public Domain Manual.*

The *Public Domain Manual* and all other relevant documents are available for download from Council's website at <u>https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/</u>.

If applicable, this public domain lighting documentation shall include pole footing locations and structural details, location and details of underground electrical reticulation including connections and conduits, pit cabling and certifications as described in the City's *Public Domain Manual*. The public domain lighting is to be superimposed on the public domain plan to show any conflicts between lighting and the proposed landscape design.

(82) PUBLIC DOMAIN WORKS BOND

A Public Domain Works Bond will be required as security for the public domain works and for repairing damage that may be caused to the public domain in the vicinity of the site, in accordance with the City of Sydney's adopted fees and charges and the *Public Domain Manual*. The Public Domain Works Bond must be submitted as cash, an unconditional bank guarantee or insurance bond as per the Council's Performance Bond Policy in favour of the City as security for completion of the obligations under this consent (Guarantee).

The City's Public Domain Unit must be contacted to determine the guarantee amount prior to lodgement of the guarantee. The guarantee must be lodged with the City prior to an approval being issued for the Public Domain Plan.

The Guarantee will be retained in full until all Public Domain works, including rectification of damage to the public domain, are completed to City of Sydney standards and approval and the required certifications, warranties and works-as-executed documentation are submitted and approved by the City in writing.

On satisfying the above requirements, 90% of the security will be released. The remaining 10% will be retained for the duration of the specified Defects Liability Period.

(83) DEFECTS LIABILITY PERIOD – PUBLIC DOMAIN WORKS

All works to the City's public domain, including rectification of identified defects, are subject to a 6 month defects liability period from the date of final completion. The date of final completion will be nominated by Council on the Certificate of Practical Completion for public domain works.

(84) NO OBSTRUCTIONS

All public footways and paths of travel must be free from obstructions. If services are required to be relocated to clear paths of travel then this must be undertaken at the developer's expense. All obstructions are to be removed prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

(85) PUBLIC DOMAIN WORKS COMPLETION

The Public Domain works are to be constructed in accordance with the Public Domain Works Approval, approved stamped plans for Gradients and Levels, Stormwater, Public Domain Lighting, the City of Sydney's *Public Domain Manual, Stormwater Drainage Manual, Sydney Lights Design Code* and *Sydney Streets Technical Specification.*

The public domain work must be inspected and a Certificate of Practical Completion must be issued by Council's Public Domain Unit prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate or before the commencement of use, whichever is earlier.

(86) PUBLIC DOMAIN COMPLETION - WORK AS EXECUTED DOCUMENTATION

Prior to a Certificate of Practical Completion being issued for public domain works, works-as-executed (As-Built) plans and documentation, must be submitted to and accepted by the City of Sydney for all public domain works, including where required Stormwater, Public Domain Lighting and Road construction. These works must be certified by a suitably qualified, independent professional. Details of the documentation required for approval will be advised by the City's Public Domain Unit.

(87) STORMWATER COMPLETION DEED OF AGREEMENT AND POSITIVE COVENANT

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate:

(a) The Owner is required to enter into a Deed of Agreement with the City of Sydney and obtain registration of Title of a Positive Covenant for all proposed connections to the City's underground drainage system. The deed and positive covenant will contain terms reasonably required by the City and will be drafted by the City's Legal Services Unit at the cost of the applicant, in accordance with the City's Fees and Charges. (b) A Positive Covenant must be registered on the property title for all drainage systems involving On-Site Detention (OSD) to ensure maintenance of the approved OSD system regardless of the method of connection. The positive covenant will contain terms reasonably required by the City and will be drafted by the City's solicitor at the cost of the applicant, in accordance with the City's Fees and Charges.

(88) SURVEY INFRASTRUCTURE – PRE-SUBDIVISION CERTIFICATE WORKS

- (a) Pursuant to Section 38 of the *Surveying and Spatial Information Act,* 2002, if it is likely that any new survey mark will be disturbed by associated works (for example, footpath or kerb and gutter construction), a surveyor may defer the placement of those marks.
- (b) Prior to any the issue of any Subdivision Certificate, documentary evidence in accordance with Section B11 – Survey Infrastructure of the Technical Specification must be prepared by a Registered Surveyor and submitted to and approved by the City. This evidence must include:
 - A copy of any Surveyor-General's Approval for Deferment of Survey Marks granted by NSW Spatial Services for the subject site, including all documentation submitted as part of that application (for example the draft deposited plan) or
 - (ii) A certificate of Practical Completion obtained from the City's Public Domain team, together with a letter, signed by a current NSW Registered Land Surveyor and including his or her Board of Surveying and Spatial Information (BOSSI) identification number, stating that all survey marks shown on their Deposited Plan remain at the date of practical completion.

(89) SURVEY INFRASTRUCTURE – RESTORATION

- (a) Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued for the development, documentary evidence of restoration must be prepared by a Registered Surveyor and submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager / Coordinator. This evidence must include:
 - Certification that all requirements requested under the Surveyor-General's Approval for Survey Mark Removal or by the City's Principal Surveyor under condition "Survey Infrastructure – Identification and Recovery" have been complied with;
 - (ii) Certification that all requirements requested under any Surveyor-General's Approval for Deferment of Survey Marks from condition "Survey Infrastructure – Pre Subdivision Certificate works" have been complied with and;
 - (iii) Time-stamped photographic records of all new survey infrastructure relating to the site clearly showing the mark itself and sufficient context to aid in identifying the mark on site.

(90) FLOOR LEVELS – WYNYARD LANE

The ground floor levels off the Wynyard Lane frontage (truck bay and stair entries) are to be a minimum of 300 millimetres above the adjacent road gutter invert level in accordance with the City's Interim Floodplain Management Policy.

(91) CONSTRUCTED FLOOR LEVELS

A certification report prepared by a suitably qualified practitioner engineer (NPER), must be submitted to the Principal Certifier prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate, stating that the development has been constructed and the required levels achieved in accordance with the approved drawings referenced in condition (1) of this consent and the 'Floor Levels – Wynyard Lane' condition.

(92) MECHANICAL VENTILATION

- (a) The premises must be ventilated in accordance with the *Building Code* of Australia and AS1668.1 and 2 - 2012. The Use of Ventilation and Air-Conditioning in Buildings - Mechanical Ventilation in Buildings.
- (b) Details of any mechanical ventilation and/or air conditioning system complying with AS1668.1 and 2 – 2012 The Use of Ventilation and Air-Conditioning in Buildings - Mechanical Ventilation in Buildings, the Building Code of Australia and relevant Australian Standards must be prepared by a suitably qualified person and certified in accordance with Clause A2.2 (a) (iii) of the Building Code of Australia, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.
- (c) Prior to issue of an Occupation Certificate and following the completion, installation, and testing of all the mechanical ventilation systems, a Mechanical Ventilation Certificate of Completion and Performance in accordance with Clause A2.2 (a) (iii) of the *Building Code of Australia*, must be submitted to the Principal Certifier.

(93) FUTURE FOOD USE - MECHANICAL VENTILATION PROVISION

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, the mechanical exhaust systems and/or shafts must be designed to allow for the discharge of effluent air above roof level and must be designed with capacity to accommodate exhaust ducts and mechanical ventilation systems for all commercial tenancies proposed with the potential to become a food premises in future. Systems must be designed in accordance with *AS1668.2 – The Use of Ventilation and Air-conditioning in Buildings – Mechanical Ventilation in Buildings,* and *AS1668.1 – The Use of Ventilation and Air-conditioning in Buildings.*

(94) DRAINAGE AND SERVICE PIT LIDS

All existing or proposed utility drainage and service pit lids throughout the public domain shall be to City of Sydney specifications and heel / bicycle safe, slip resistant, infill with material to match surrounding surface, finished flush with the adjacent pavement to avoid trip hazards and be clear of obstructions for easy opening and cleaning. Infill pit lids are to be detailed where specified

by Council's Public Domain Officer. Private pits are not permitted within the public domain. All details of pit lids must be shown on the public domain plan and must be approved by Public Domain Unit prior to the issue of an approval for public domain works.

(95) TACTILE GROUND SURFACE INDICATORS AND HANDRAILS

All tactile ground surface indicators, handrails and other elements required to provide access into the building / property must be located entirely within the private property boundary.

(96) PAVING MATERIALS

The surface of any material used or proposed to be used for the paving of colonnades, thoroughfares, plazas, arcades and the like which are used by the public must comply with AS/NZS 4586:2004 (including amendments) "Slip resistance classification of new pedestrian surface materials".

(97) PUBLIC DOMAIN DAMAGE

- (a) A Public Domain Damage Bond calculated on the basis of 56 square metres of granite site frontage for George Street and 7 square metres of concrete site frontage for Wynyard Lane must be lodged with Council in accordance with the City of Sydney's adopted Schedule of Fees and Charges. The Public Domain Damage Bond must be submitted as an unconditional bank guarantee or insurance bond as per the Council's Performance Bond Policy in favour of Council as security for repairing any damage to the public domain in the vicinity of the site (Guarantee).
- (b) The Guarantee must be lodged with Council prior to an approval for demolition being granted or any Construction Certificate being issued, whichever is earlier.
- (c) The Guarantee in this condition will be retained in full until the Public Domain Works Deposit Guarantee is lodged with Council. Upon lodgement of the Public Domain Works Deposit Guarantee, the Guarantee in this condition will be released.

(98) APPLICATION FOR HOARDINGS AND SCAFFOLDING INSTALLED ON OR ABOVE A PUBLIC ROAD AND OPERATING HOISTING DEVICES INCLUDING BUILDING MAINTENANCE UNITS OVER A PUBLIC ROAD

- (a) Where a hoarding and/or scaffolding (temporary structures) are proposed to be installed on or above a road reservation (footway and/or roadway), a separate application under Section 68 of the Local Government Act, 1993 and Section 138 of the Roads Act, 1993 is to be made to Council for such structures.
- (b) Where an approval (Permit) is granted allowing the placement of temporary structures on or above a public road the structures must comply fully with Council's *Hoarding and Scaffolding Policy; Guidelines* for Hoardings and Scaffolding; and the conditions of approval (Permit) granted including:

- (i) Maintaining a current and valid approval for the full duration that the temporary structure/s is in place;
- (ii) Maintaining temporary structure/s in a structurally sound and stable condition for the full duration of installation (Clause 2.11.1);
- (iii) Bill posters and graffiti being removed within 24 hours of their placement (Clause 2.11.2);
- Maintaining temporary structures and the public place adjoining the work site in a clean and tidy condition including repainting and/or repair of graphics (Clauses 2.11.1, 2.11.4, 2.14.1 and 3.9.3);
- Maintaining a watertight deck (Type B hoardings) to prevent liquids including rainwater, falling onto the footway/roadway surfaces (Clauses 3.9.1 and 3.9.4);
- (vi) Approved site sheds on the decks of a Type B hoarding being fully screened from the public place (Clause 3.9.5);
- (vii) Material and equipment not being placed or stored on the deck of Type B hoardings, unless specifically approved by Council (Clause 3.9.4);
- (viii) Providing and maintaining operational artificial lighting systems under Type B hoardings including at high-bay truck entry points (Clause 3.9.9); and
- (ix) Ensuring all required signage, artwork or historic images are provided and fully maintained to the City's requirements (Clauses 3.4, 3.9.3, 3.9.6, 3.9.8, 3.10.1 and 4.2).

If it is proposed to operate a hoisting device including a building maintenance unit above a public road which swings, hoists material/equipment and/or slews/wind vanes any part of the device over the public road, a separate application under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act, 1993* and Section 138 of the *Roads Act, 1993* must be made to Council to obtain approval.

Note: 'Building maintenance unit' means a power-operated suspended platform and associated equipment on a building specifically designed to provide permanent access to the faces of the building for maintenance (*Work Health and Safety Regulation, 2017*).

(99) DEMOLITION/SITE RECTIFICATION

The following conditions apply to the development:

- (a) Demolition or excavation must not commence until a Construction Certificate has been issued for construction of the substantive building.
- (b) Prior to the Construction Certificate being issued, documentary evidence must be provided to Council that the owner of the site has entered into a Deed with Council, the cost of preparation and execution of such Deed (including stamp duty and registration fees) to be borne by the applicant,

which contains such conditions as the Council reasonably requires to ensure the matters set out in this condition are adequately provided for.

- (c) Without limiting the generality of paragraph (b), the Deed must provide for:
 - (i) A bank guarantee to be provided in the sum of \$68,625 as security for the costs of such works provided that:
 - a. The maximum liability under the Deed must not exceed \$68,625; and
 - b. The Council may accept a lesser amount as security if substantiated by detailed design and Quantity Surveyor costing for works which meet the objectives of the condition.
 - (ii) Council is to be given sufficient contractual rights to be able to ensure that in any of the following events namely:
 - a. Demolition of the existing building has commenced but not been completed;
 - b. The existing building has been demolished; or
 - c. The site has been excavated; or
 - d. The erection of the structure has commenced;
 - (iii) That it, or any person authorised by it, may enter the site and carry out such works at the cost of the applicant (or such other person as the Consent Authority may approve) as may be then appropriate in the circumstances in each of the abovementioned events, to:
 - a. Make the building safe and of an appearance acceptable to Council at ground level;
 - b. Allow the ground level to be landscaped and of an appearance acceptable to Council from any public vantage point; or
 - c. For the hole to be covered to allow it to be landscaped and made attractive from any public vantage-point; or
 - d. In the event that the new building is constructed beyond the ground floor, to allow any hoardings to be removed and the ground floor development to be completed to a tenantable stage;

AND to call on such bank guarantee to cover the cost thereof.

(d) If the site is commenced to be developed and there is suspension in activity for 6 months (or suspensions of activity which in the aggregate exceed 6 months), resulting in a building site which has an appearance

not acceptable to Council, then the Council will have the readily enforceable rights to:

- Require certain works including but not limited to those works necessary to achieve the results referred to in sub-clause (c) (ii) a – d to take place on the site; and
- (ii) In the event of default, have the right to enter and carry out these works and to call upon security in the nature of a bank guarantee to cover the cost of the works.
- (e) The Deed may provide for the release of the Bank Guarantee upon practical completion of the approved development.

(100) INSTALLATION OF ARTWORK AND IMAGES ON SCAFFOLDING (DEMOLITION / CONSTRUCTION WRAPS)

- (a) Where scaffolding is to be installed to undertake the proposed development an approved artwork / historic image installation must be provided on the scaffolding system to screen the development from the public place, minimise adverse visual impacts on the locality and add visual and public art in the streetscape.
- (b) The artwork installation must be printed, installed and maintained in accordance with Council's *Guidelines for Hoardings and Scaffolding*. Details of the proposed installation must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to the issue of a construction certificate or work commencing.
- Note: The scaffolding system on which a required artwork wrap is to be installed must be designed to safely and adequately accommodate and support the wrap mesh material on which the artwork is printed/displayed. This includes designing the scaffold to address potential increased wind loads that may be encountered in the locality.

(101) TEMPORARY STRUCTURES (HOARDINGS, SCAFFOLDING AND OTHER STRUCTURES) INSTALLED ON PUBLIC ROADS THAT REQUIRE DEVELOPMENT CONSENT

The following forms of temporary structures (hoardings, scaffolding and other structures) proposed for installation on or above public roads and in connection with the construction of the approved development require Council approval (development consent):

- (a) Type B hoardings that span over roads such as laneways;
- (b) Type B hoardings that propose more than a single storey of site sheds installed on a hoarding deck;
- (c) Type A and Type B hoardings with or without scaffolding that project beyond the side boundaries of adjoining properties;
- (d) Fenced work compounds at roadway/footway level;

- (e) Hoardings/scaffolding associated with works on heritage-listed buildings; or
- (f) Any other large and/or potentially high environmental impact temporary structures, as determined by Council.

A separate development application must be submitted and approved by Council prior to the installation of any temporary structure listed above.

(102) WORKS REQUIRING USE OF A PUBLIC PLACE

Where construction/building works require the use of a public place including a road or footpath, approval under Section 138 of the *Roads Act, 1993* is to be obtained from Council prior to the commencement of work. Details of any barricade construction, area of enclosure and period of work are required to be submitted to the satisfaction of Council.

(103) LAND SUBDIVISION

Any proposal to subdivide the site, including any stratum subdivision of the building, will require a separate application to Council to obtain development consent for the proposal and subsequent issue of the Subdivision Certificate under Section 6.15 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

(104) LOT CONSOLIDATION

All land titles within the site must be consolidated into one lot. A plan of consolidation must be registered with NSW Land Registry Services, prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued.

(105) STRATA SUBDIVISION - DEVELOPMENT CONSENT

Any proposal for strata subdivision will require development consent and therefore the lodgement of a separate development application or complying development application and subsequent approval from Council, or an accredited certifier, of the Strata Plan – and issue of a Strata Certificate, under the *Strata Schemes Development Act, 2015*.

(106) ENERGY EFFICIENCY OF BUILDINGS

The design of the building and its services must achieve a rating of 5.5 stars under the NSW Office and Environment and Heritage (OEH) National Australian Built Environment Rating System (NABERS Energy). This can be demonstrated by:

- (a) Entering into a Commitment Agreement with OEH, to deliver this star rating:
 - For the base building, being services traditionally supplied as 'common' to tenants such as air conditioning, lifts and common area lighting;
 - (ii) Providing solar photovoltaic panels on the roof space of the development, equal to 8.25kW (based on 250W panels); and

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(iii) For the whole building where there is to be one tenant to occupy the whole building.

The applicant must provide a copy of the completed Commitment Agreement with their Construction Certificate application; and

(b) Providing a copy of the independent energy assessment report to OEH and submitted with the Construction Certificate application, that follows the current OEH guidelines. This report must be based on the same documents as those submitted with the Construction Certificate.

Note: Definitions referred to in clause (a) above:

- (i) Commitment Agreement means an agreement that is set out in accordance with OEH NABERS Commitment Agreement, which is made/signed between OEH and the applicant/building owner/building manager, to design, build and commission the premises to an agreed star rating.
- (ii) Star rating refers to the benchmarking system applied by OEH for measuring the energy efficiency of a building, and known as NABERS the National Australian Built Environment Rating System.
- (iii) Base building means central services and common areas of a building.
- (iv) Tenancies means office space within a building covering tenant light and power. This may include tenancy air conditioning if this has been installed to service particular tenant loads, but does not include central services.
- (v) Whole building means all of the building, being the fabric of the building itself and all services and fit-outs.

(107) INSTALLATION OF DUAL-FLUSH TOILETS

All toilets installed within the development must be of water efficient dual-flush or other water-saving capacity with at least a 4-star rating under the Water Efficiency and Labelling Scheme (WELS). The details must be submitted for the approval of the Accredited Certifier, prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

(108) INSTALLATION OF WATER EFFICIENT SHOWERS

All shower heads installed must be water efficient with at least a 4-star rating under the Water Efficiency and Labelling Scheme (WELS). The details are to be submitted for the approval of the Principal Certifier, prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued.

(109) INSTALLATION OF WATER EFFICIENT TAPS

All taps installed must be water efficient with at least a 6-star rating under the Water Efficiency and Labelling Scheme (WELS). The details are to be

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submitted for the approval of the Principal Certifier, prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued.

(110) INSTALLATION OF WATER EFFICIENT URINALS

New urinal suites, urinals and urinal flushing control mechanisms must use waterless technology. Where it is submitted that this is not feasible, it must be demonstrated that products have been selected with at least a 4-star rating under the Water Efficiency and Labelling Scheme (WELS). Systems must include "smart controls" to reduce unnecessary flushing. Continuous flushing systems are not approved. Details are to be submitted to and approved by the Accredited Certifier, prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

(111) INTERNAL LIGHTING SYSTEM

The proposed internal lighting system for the commercial office spaces must be designed to provide for the efficient use of energy including the use of energy efficient light fittings, zoned lighting and controls and sensors to ensure automatic switch off during non-working hours. Details of the internal lighting system must be submitted to and approved by the Accredited Certifier prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

(112) ELECTRICITY SUBSTATION

If required by the applicable energy supplier, the owner must dedicate to the applicable energy supplier, free of cost, an area of land within the development site, but not in any landscaped area or in any area visible from the public domain, to enable an electricity substation to be installed. The size and location of the substation is to be submitted for approval of Council and Ausgrid, prior to a Construction Certificate being issued or the commencement of the use, whichever is earlier.

(113) SYDNEY WATER CERTIFICATE (TAP-IN)

- (a) The approved plans must be submitted to Sydney Water's "Tap-in" online service to determine whether the development will affect Sydney Water's sewer and water mains, stormwater drains and/or easements, and if further requirements need to be met. Sydney Water's "Tap-in" online service is available at <u>www.sydneywater.com.au</u>, (see Plumbing, Building & Development and then Sydney Water "Tap-in").
- (b) The Consent Authority or a Principal Certifier must ensure that Sydney Water has appropriately stamped the plans before the commencement of work.

(114) TELECOMMUNICATIONS PROVISIONS

(a) Appropriate space and access for ducting and cabling is to be provided within the plant area and to each level within the building within for a minimum of three telecommunication carriers or other providers of broad-band access by ground or satellite delivery. The details must be submitted for the approval of the Accredited Certifier prior to a Construction Certificate being issued. (b) A separate development application must be submitted prior to the installation of any external telecommunication apparatus, or the like.

(115) UTILITY SERVICES

To ensure that utility authorities are advised of the development:

- (a) Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate a survey is to be carried out of all utility services within and adjacent to the site including relevant information from utility authorities and excavation if necessary, to determine the position and level of services.
- (b) Prior to the commencement of work the applicant is to obtain written approval from the utility authorities (e.g. Energy Australia, Sydney Water, and Telecommunications Carriers) in connection with the relocation and/or adjustment of the services affected by the construction of the underground structure. Any costs in the relocation, adjustment or support of services are to be the responsibility of the developer.

(116) WASTE AND RECYCLING COLLECTION CONTRACT

Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued and/or commencement of the use, whichever is earlier, the building owner must ensure that there is a contract with a licensed contractor for the removal of **all waste**. No garbage is to be placed on the public way, e.g. footpaths, roadways, plazas, reserves, at any time.

(117) WASTE AND RECYCLING MANAGEMENT PLAN

- (a) The Waste and Recycling Management Plan accompanying this Development Application has not been approved by this consent.
- (b) A Waste and Recycling Management Plan is to be approved by the Accredited Certifier prior to a Construction Certificate being issued. The plan must comply with the Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018*, specifically including the following matters:
 - (i) The development must accurately provide for a minimum of 80% diversion on each type of waste material that will be generated during demolition and construction processes.

All requirements of the approved Building Waste and Recycling Management Plan must be implemented during construction of the development.

UPON COMPLETION OF THE DEVELOPMENT

(c) Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued or the use commencing, whichever is earlier, the Principal Certifier must ensure that waste handling works have been completed in accordance with: the Waste and Recycling Management Plan; other relevant development consent conditions; and Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018*.

(118) WASTE AND RECYCLING MANAGEMENT - GENERAL

The proposal must comply with the relevant provisions of Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018* which requires facilities to minimise and manage waste and recycling generated by the proposal.

(119) WASTE/RECYCLING COLLECTION

- (a) The collection of waste and recycling must only occur during the designated zone collection times as outlined in the City's Waste Policy Local Approvals Policy for Managing Waste in Public Places 2017.
- (b) Garbage and recycling must not be placed on the street for collection more than half an hour before the scheduled collection time. Bins and containers are to be removed from the street within half an hour of collection.

SCHEDULE 1C

DURING CONSTRUCTION/PRIOR TO OCCUPATION/COMPLETION (120) OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE TO BE SUBMITTED

An Occupation Certificate must be obtained from the Principal Certifier and a copy submitted to Council prior to commencement of occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building, an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building.

(121) HOURS OF WORK AND NOISE

The hours of construction and work on the development must be as follows:

- (a) All work, including demolition, excavation and building work, and activities in the vicinity of the site generating noise associated with preparation for the commencement of work (e.g. loading and unloading of goods, transferring of tools etc.) in connection with the proposed development must only be carried out between the hours of 7.00am and 7.00pm on Mondays to Fridays, inclusive, and 7.00am and 5.00pm on Saturdays, and no work must be carried out on Sundays or public holidays.
- (b) All work, including demolition, excavation and building work must comply with the City of Sydney Code of Practice for Construction Hours/Noise 1992 and Australian Standard 2436-2010 Guide to Noise Control on Construction, Maintenance and Demolition Sites.
- (c) Notwithstanding the above, the use of a crane for special operations, including the delivery of materials, hoisting of plant and equipment and erection and dismantling of on-site tower cranes which warrant the onstreet use of mobile cranes outside of above hours can occur, subject to a permit being issued by Council under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act, 1993* and/or Section 138 of the *Roads Act, 1993*.

Note: Works may be undertaken outside of hours, where it is required to avoid the loss of life, damage to property, to prevent environmental harm and/or to avoid structural damage to the building. Written approval must be given by the Construction Regulation Unit, prior to works proceeding.

The City of Sydney Code of Practice for Construction Hours/Noise 1992 allows extended working hours subject to the approval of an application in accordance with the Code and under Section 4.55 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979.

(122) ARCHAEOLOGICAL DISCOVERY DURING EXCAVATION

- (a) Should any relics be unexpectedly discovered on the site during excavation, all excavation or disturbance to the area is to stop immediately and the Heritage Council of New South Wales should be informed in accordance with Section 146 of the *Heritage Act, 1977*;
- (b) Should any Aboriginal objects be unexpectedly discovered then all excavation or disturbance of the area is to stop immediately and the New South Wales Government Office of Environment and Heritage is to be

informed in accordance with Section 89A of the National Parks and Wildlife Act, 1974;

- (c) Should any archaeological remains or Aboriginal objects be discovered, a copy of recording of the finds and the final archaeological summary report is to be submitted to Council prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate; and
- (d) If the discovery is on Council's land, Council must be informed.

(123) LIGHTING OF SITE OUTSIDE OF STANDARD CONSTRUCTION HOURS

Lighting of the site while any work is undertaken outside of Council's standard hours of construction must ensure that at no time must the intensity, hours of illumination or location of the lighting cause objectionable glare or injury to the amenity of the neighbourhood or Obtrusive Light in accordance with the definition in Australian Standard AS4282-1997 *Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.* If in the opinion of Council, injury is likely to be caused, the intensity, hours of illumination and location of the lighting must be varied so that it does not cause injury to nearby residents.

(124) NOTIFICATION OF EXCAVATION WORKS OR USE OF HIGH NOISE EMISSION APPLIANCES/PLANT

The immediately adjoining neighbours must be given a minimum of 48 hours notice that excavation, shoring or underpinning works or use of high noise emission appliances / plant are about to commence.

(125) SITE NOTICE OF PROJECTS DETAILS AND APPROVALS

A site notice is to be prominently displayed at the boundary to each frontage of the site for the purposes of informing the public of appropriate project details and relevant approvals. The notice(s) is to satisfy all of the following requirements:

- Minimum dimensions of the notice are to measure 841mm x 594mm (A1) with any text on the notice to be a minimum of 30 point type size;
- (b) The notice is to be durable and weatherproof and is to be displayed throughout the construction period;
- (c) A copy of the first page of the development approval, building approval (including any modifications to those approvals) and any civic works approvals is to be posted alongside the notice in weatherproof casing;
- (d) The approved hours of work, the Principal Certifier including contact address and certification details, the name of the site manager, the responsible managing company, its address and 24 hour contact phone number for any enquiries, including construction/noise complaint, and the estimated date of completion of the project are to be displayed on the site notice;
- (e) The notice(s) is to be mounted at eye level on the perimeter hoardings and is also to state that unauthorised entry to the site is not permitted; and

(f) All notices and signs must be displayed in locations as specified in the City's Guidelines for Hoardings and Scaffolding.

(126) PROJECTIONS OVER GEORGE STREET

The architectural embellishments attached to the building, shown as overhanging the alignment of George Street, must comply with the provisions of Schedule 4 ("Projections over or into public roads") of the Sydney Development Control Plan 2012.

(127) PROJECTIONS OVER WYNYARD LANE

Any projections attached to of the building which would overhang the alignment of Wynyard Lane, cannot comply with the provisions of Schedule 4 ("Projections over or into public roads") of the Sydney Development Control Plan 2012 and therefore must not overhang the alignment of Wynyard Lane.

(128) ENCROACHMENTS – PUBLIC WAY

Apart from projections referred to in the conditions above, no portion of the proposed structure, including gates and doors during opening and closing operations, shall encroach upon or over Council's footpath area.

(129) ENCROACHMENTS – NEIGHBOURING PROPERTIES

No portion of the proposed structure shall encroach onto the adjoining properties.

(130) SURVEY

All footings, walls and floor slabs adjacent to a boundary must be set out by a registered surveyor. On commencement of brickwork or wall construction a survey and report, prepared by a Registered Surveyor, must be submitted to the Principal Certifier indicating the position of external walls in relation to the boundaries of the allotment. Any encroachments by the subject building over adjoining boundaries or roads must be removed prior to continuation of building construction work.

(131) SURVEY CERTIFICATE AT COMPLETION

A Survey Certificate prepared by a Registered Surveyor must be submitted to the Principal Certifier at the completion of the building work certifying the location of the building in relation to the boundaries of the allotment.

(132) CONNECTION TO SEWERS OF SYDNEY WATER CORPORATION

Waste water arising from the use must be directed to the sewers of the Sydney Water Corporation (SWC) under a Trade Waste License Agreement. The pretreatment of wastewater may be a requirement of the Corporation prior to discharge to the sewer. Details of the Corporation's requirements should be obtained prior to the commencement of construction work.

(133) COVERING OF LOADS

All vehicles involved in the excavation and/or demolition process and departing the property with demolition materials, spoil or loose matter must have their loads fully covered before entering the public roadway.

(134) EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

The Soil and Water Management Plan (SWMP) or Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) which has been approved by the Principal Certifier must be implemented in full during the construction period.

During the construction period:

- Erosion and sediment controls must be regularly inspected, repaired and maintained in working order sufficient for a 10 year Average Recurrence Interval (ARI) rainfall event;
- (b) Erosion and sediment control signage available from Council must be completed and attached to the most prominent structure visible at all times when entering the site for the duration of construction; and
- (c) Building operations and stockpiles must not be located on the public footway or any other locations which could lead to the discharge of materials into the stormwater system.

(135) HAZARDOUS AND INDUSTRIAL WASTE

Hazardous and/or industrial waste arising from the demolition/operational activities must be removed and/or transported in accordance with the requirements of the New South Wales Work Cover Authority pursuant to the provisions of the following:

- (a) Protection of the Environment Operations Act, 1997;
- (b) Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation, 2005;
- (c) Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act, 2001;
- (d) Work Health and Safety Act, 2011; and
- (e) Work Health and Safety Regulation, 2017.

(136) VEHICLE CLEANSING

Prior to the commencement of work, suitable measures are to be implemented to ensure that sediment and other materials are not tracked onto the roadway by vehicles leaving the site. It is an offence to allow, permit or cause materials to pollute or be placed in a position from which they may pollute waters.

(137) STREET NUMBERING

Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued, street numbers and the building name must be clearly displayed at either end of the ground level frontage in accordance with the *Policy on Numbering of Premises within the*

City of Sydney. If new street numbers or a change to street numbers is required, a separate application must be made to Council.

(138) SYDNEY WATER CERTIFICATE

A Section 73 Compliance Certificate under the *Sydney Water Act, 1994* must be obtained from Sydney Water Corporation.

Application must be made through an authorised Water Servicing Coordinator. Please refer to the Building Developing and Plumbing section on the web site www.sydneywater.com.au then refer to "Water Servicing Coordinator" under "Developing Your Land" or telephone 13 20 92 for assistance.

Following application a "Notice of Requirements" will advise of water and sewer infrastructure to be built and charges to be paid. Please make early contact with the Coordinator, since building of water/sewer infrastructure can be time consuming and may impact on other services and building, driveway or landscape design.

The Section 73 Certificate must be submitted to Council or the Principal Certifier prior to any Occupation Certificate or subdivision/strata certificate being issued.

(139) ACCESS DRIVEWAYS TO BE CONSTRUCTED

Approved driveways are to be constructed for all vehicular access to the construction site in accordance with the requirements of Council's "Driveway Specifications" to the satisfaction of Council.

(140) LOADING AND UNLOADING DURING CONSTRUCTION

The following requirements apply:

- (a) All loading and unloading associated with construction activity must be accommodated on site, where possible.
- (b) If it is not feasible for loading and unloading to take place on site, a Works Zone on the street may be considered by Council.
- (c) A Works Zone may be required if loading and unloading is not possible on site. If a Works Zone is warranted an application must be made to Council at least 8 weeks prior to commencement of work on the site. An approval for a Works Zone may be given for a specific period and certain hours of the days to meet the particular need for the site for such facilities at various stages of construction. The approval will be reviewed periodically for any adjustment necessitated by the progress of the construction activities.
- (d) Where hoisting activity over the public place is proposed to be undertaken including hoisting from a Works Zone, a separate approval under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act, 1993* and Section 138 of the *Roads Act, 1993* must be obtained.

(141) NO OBSTRUCTION OF PUBLIC WAY

The public way must not be obstructed by any materials, vehicles, refuse, skips or the like, under any circumstances. Non-compliance with this requirement will result in the issue of a notice by Council to stop all work on site.

(142) USE OF MOBILE CRANES

The following requirements apply:

- (a) Mobile cranes operating from the road must not be used as a method of demolishing or constructing a building.
- (b) For special operations including the delivery of materials, hoisting of plant and equipment and erection and dismantling of on-site tower cranes which warrant the on-street use of mobile cranes, permits must be obtained from Council for the use of a mobile crane. The permits must be obtained 48 hours beforehand for partial road closures which, in the opinion of Council will create minimal traffic disruptions and 4 weeks beforehand in the case of full road closures and partial road closures which, in the opinion of Council, will create significant traffic disruptions.
- (c) The use of a crane for special operations, including the delivery of materials, hoisting of plant and equipment and erection and dismantling of on-site tower cranes which warrant the on-street use of mobile cranes outside of approved hours of construction can occur, subject to a permit being issued by Council under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act*, *1993* and/or Section 138 of the *Roads Act*, *1993*.

SCHEDULE 2

PRESCRIBED CONDITIONS

The prescribed conditions in accordance with Division 8A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation, 2000* apply:

- Clause 98 Compliance with *Building Code of Australia* and insurance requirements under the *Home Building Act, 1989*
- Clause 98A Erection of signs
- Clause 98B Notification of Home Building Act, 1989 requirements
- Clause 98C Conditions relating to entertainment venues
- Clause 98D Conditions relating to maximum capacity signage
- Clause 98E Conditions relating to shoring and adequacy of adjoining property

Refer to the New South Wales State legislation for full text of the clauses under Division 8A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation, 2000.* This can be accessed at: <u>http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au.</u>

SCHEDULE 3

CONCURRENCE CONDITIONS

The concurrence conditions, in accordance with Clause 86 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007 and as advised by Transport for New South Wales, are as follows:

(143) PROTECTION OF TFNSW INFRASTRUCTURE AND LIGHT RAIL OPERATIONS - GENERAL

- (a) The applicant must comply with all Altrac Light Rail Partnership (Altrac) or any subsequent operator of Sydney Light Rail (Sydney Light Rail Operator) policies, rules and procedures when working in and about the Sydney Light Rail corridor;
- (b) The applicant must comply with the requirements of T HR CI 12080 ST External Developments version 1.0 and Development Near Rail Corridors and Busy Roads- Interim Guidelines;
- (c) Activities of the applicant must not affect and/or restrict Sydney Light Rail operations without prior written agreement between the applicant, Transport for NSW (TfNSW), Altrac, and the Sydney Light Rail Operator, and it is a condition precedent that such written agreement must be obtained no later than two (2) months prior to the activity. Any requests for agreement are to include as a minimum the proposed duration, location, scope of works, and other information as required by the Sydney Light Rail Operator;
- (d) The applicant must apply to Altrac and the Sydney Light Rail Operator for any required network shutdowns four (4) months prior to each individual required network shutdown event. Each request for network shutdown must include as a minimum the proposed shutdown dates, duration, location, scope of works, and other information as required by the Sydney Light Rail Operator. It is likely in the first two (2) years there will not be a light rail shutdown for maintenance purposes. The Sydney Light Rail Operator may grant or refuse a request for network shutdown at its discretion;
- The applicant shall provide safe and unimpeded access for Sydney Light Rail patrons traversing to and from the Sydney Light Rail stops at all times;
- (f) TfNSW, and persons authorised by it for this purpose, are entitled to inspect the site of the approved development and all structures to enable it to consider whether those structures on that site have been or are being constructed and maintained in accordance with these conditions of consent, on giving reasonable notice to the principal contractor for the approved development or the owner or occupier of the part of the site to which access is sought; and
- (g) All TfNSW, Altrac and Sydney Light Rail Operator's costs associated with review of plans, designs and legal must be borne by the applicant.

(144) PROCESS OF ENDORSEMENT OF CONDITIONS - PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

Prior to the issue of any construction certificate or any preparatory, demolition or excavation works, whichever is the earlier, the applicant shall:

- (a) Consult with TfNSW, Altrac and the Sydney Light Rail Operator to ascertain requirements in relation to the protection of TfNSW's infrastructure and to confirm the timing of the each construction certificate and associated documentation and activities prior to preparation of requested documentation;
- (b) Sign Interface Agreement and Works Deed with TfNSW and/or the Sydney Light Rail Operator;
- (c) Confirm in writing with TfNSW what each Construction Certificate stage will involve; and
- (d) Submit all relevant documentation to TfNSW as requested by TfNSW and obtain its written endorsement for each construction stage. A summary report for each construction stage shall also be provided to TfNSW to demonstrate that submitted documentation has satisfied the relevant conditions.
- The Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) is not to issue the relevant Construction Certificate until received written confirmation from TfNSW that the relevant conditions have been complied with for each Construction Certificate.

(145) REVIEW AND ENDORSEMENT OF DOCUMENTS - PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

Prior to the issue of any construction certificate or any preparatory, demolition or excavation works, whichever is the earlier, the following documentation shall be provided for the review and endorsement of TfNSW:

- (a) Final geo-technical and structural report I drawings. Geotechnical reports should include any potential impact on the light rail corridor located adjacent to the subject development site, easement and substratum;
- (b) Final construction methodology with construction details pertaining to structural support during excavation or ground penetration;
- (c) Details of the vibration and movement monitoring system that will be in place before excavation commences;
- (d) Final cross sectional drawings showing ground surface, rail tracks, sub soil profile, proposed basement excavation and structural design of sub ground support adjacent to the Rail Corridor located adjacent to the subject development site. Cross sectional drawings should also include the accurate RL depths and horizontal distances from assets (tracks, overhead lines, structures and cables) to the nearest point of excavation or ground penetration works. All measurements are to be verified by a Registered Surveyor; and

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(e) Detailed survey plan.

(146) PRE-CONSTRUCTION WORK DILAPIDATION REPORT - PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

A pre-construction work Dilapidation Report of the Sydney Light Rail and its assets shall be prepared by a qualified structural engineer. The dilapidation survey shall be undertaken via a joint site inspection by the representatives of the Sydney Light Rail Operator, TfNSW and the applicant. These dilapidation surveys will establish the extent of existing damage and enable any deterioration during construction to be observed.

(147) ACOUSTIC ASSESSMENT - PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

Prior to the issue of the relevant Construction Certificate, the final acoustic assessment is to be submitted to PCA demonstrating how the proposed development will comply with the Department of Planning's document titled "Development Near Rail Corridors and Busy Roads- Interim Guidelines". All recommendations of the acoustic assessment are to be incorporated in the construction documentation.

(148) ELECTROLYSIS ANALYSIS - PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

Prior to the issue of the relevant Construction Certificate, the applicant is to engage an Electrolysis Consultant to prepare a report on the Electrolysis Risk to the development from stray currents. The applicant must incorporate in the development all the measures recommended in the report to control that risk. A copy of the report is to be provided to the PCA with the application for the relevant Construction Certificate.

(149) REFLECTIVITY REPORT - PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

Prior to the issue of the relevant Construction Certificate, the applicant shall design lighting, signs and surfaces with reflective materials, whether permanent or temporary, which are (or from which reflected light might be) visible from the rail corridor limiting glare and reflectivity to the satisfaction of Altrac, TfNSW and the Sydney Light Rail Operator.

(150) CONSULTATION REGIME - PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

Prior to the issue of the relevant Construction Certificate, a detailed regime is to be prepared for consultation with and approval by TfNSW for the excavation of the site and the construction of the building foundations (including ground anchors) for the approved development, which may include geotechnical and structural certification in the form required by TfNSW.

(151) INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS - PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

Prior to the issue of the relevant Construction Certificate, the applicant must hold current public liability insurance cover for a sum acceptable to TfNSW.

This insurance shall not contain any exclusion in relation to works on or near the rail corridor, rail infrastructure. The applicant is to contact TfNSW to obtain the level of insurance required for this particular proposal. Prior to issuing the relevant Construction Certificate the PCA must witness written proof of this insurance in conjunction with TfNSW's written advice to the applicant on the level of insurance required.

(152) SAFETY INTERFACE AGREEMENT - PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

Prior to the issue of any construction certificate or any preparatory, demolition or excavation works, whichever is the earlier, if required by TfNSW, a Safety Interface Agreement between the applicant, TfNSW, Altrac and/or the Sydney Light Rail Operator must be agreed and executed by the parties. This agreement may deal with matters including, but not limited to, the following:

- (a) Pre and post construction dilapidation reports;
- (b) The need for track possessions;
- (c) Review of the machinery to be used during excavation/ground penetration / construction works;
- (d) The need for track monitoring;
- (e) Design and installation of lights, signs and reflective material;
- Endorsement of Risk Assessment/Management Plan and Safe Work Method Statements (SWMS);
- (g) Endorsement of plans regarding proposed craneage and other aerial operations;
- (h) Erection of scaffolding/hoarding;
- (i) Light Rail Operator's rules and procedures; and
- (j) Alteration of rail assets such as the OHW along of track and associated hoarding demarcation system, if undertaken by the applicant.

(153) WORKS DEED - PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

Prior to the issue of any construction certificate or any preparatory, demolition or excavation works, whichever is the earlier, if required by TfNSW, a Works Deed between the applicant, TfNSW, Altrac and/or the Sydney Light Rail Operator must be agreed and executed by the parties. This agreement may deal with matters including, but not limited to, the following:

- (a) Sydney Light Rail Operational requirements;
- (b) Sydney Light Rail access requirements;
- (c) Altrac and Sydney Light Rail Operator policies, rules and procedures compliance requirements;

- (d) Indemnities and releases;
- (e) Insurance requirements and conditions;
- (f) TfNSW, Altrac and the Sydney Light Rail Operator's recovery of costs from the applicant for costs incurred by these parties in relation to the development (e.g. review of designs and reports, legal, shutdown /power outages costs including alternative transport, customer communications, loss of revenue etc.) risk assessments and configuration change processes;
- (g) Interface coordination between the Sydney Light Rail Operator and the subject development construction works;
- (h) Altrac and the Sydney Light Rail Operator's reviews and impact assessment of the applicant's proposal, engineering design and construction works methodology on Sydney Light Rail Operations and assets;
- Attendance and participation in the construction works risk assessment of construction activities to be performed in, above, about, and/or below the Sydney Light Rail Corridor;
- (j) Arrangements for shutdowns and Sydney Light Rail restricted operations related costs attributed to the applicant; and
- (k) Sydney Light Rail site works access approval and access permit to work.

(154) DURING CONSTRUCTION

- (a) Construction vehicles shall not be stopped or parked on George Street at any time without prior approval of the Sydney Coordination Office within Transport for NSW.
- (b) All piling and excavation works are to be supervised by a geotechnical engineer experienced with such excavation projects;
- No rock anchors/bolts (temporary or permanent) are to be installed into the light rail corridor without approval from TfNSW;
- No metal ladders, tapes and plant/machinery, or conductive material are to be used within 6 horizontal metres of any live electrical equipment unless a physical barrier such as a hoarding or structure provides separation;
- (e) During all stages of the development extreme care shall be taken to prevent any form of pollution entering the light rail corridor. Any form of pollution that arises as a consequence of the development activities shall remain the full responsibility of the applicant;
- (f) The applicant must mitigate all noise and vibration to the extent possible and provide vibration monitoring equipment and provide the results to the Sydney Light Rail Operator at intervals required by TfNSW and the Sydney Light Rail Operator, and immediately implement corrective actions in the event that the noise or vibration exceeds acceptable limits;

- (g) Rainwater from the roof must not be projected and/or falling into the rail corridor/assets and must be piped down the face of the building which faces the rail corridor. Given the site's location next to the rail property, drainage from the development must be adequately disposed of/managed and not allowed to be discharged into the corridor unless prior approval has been obtained from TfNSW and the Sydney Light Rail Operator (or the delegated authority); and
- (h) No scaffolding is to be used within 6 horizontal metres of the rail corridor unless prior written approval has been obtained from the Sydney Light Rail Operator and TfNSW and a physical barrier such as a hoarding or structure provides separation. To obtain approval the applicant will be required to submit details of the scaffolding, the means of erecting and securing this scaffolding, the material to be used, and the type of screening lo be installed to prevent objects falling onto the rail corridor.

(155) POST-CONSTRUCTION DILAPIDATION REPORT - PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE

Prior to the issue of the Occupation Certificate, a post-construction dilapidation survey shall be undertaken via a joint inspection with representatives from TfNSW, Altrac, the Sydney Light Rail Operator and the applicant. The dilapidation survey will be undertaken on the rail infrastructure and property in the vicinity of the project. These dilapidation surveys will establish the extent of any existing damage and enable any deterioration during construction to be observed. The submission of a detailed dilapidation report to TfNSW and the Sydney Light Rail Operator will be required unless otherwise notified by TfNSW. The applicant needs to undertake rectification of any damage to the satisfaction of TfNSW and the Sydney Light Rail Operator and if applicable the local council.

(156) REFLECTIVITY REPORT - PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE

Prior to the issue of the Occupation Certificate, the applicant shall demonstrate that lights, signs and reflective materials, whether permanent or temporary, which are (or from which reflected light might be) visible from the rail corridor were installed limiting glare and reflectivity to the satisfaction of TfNSW, Altrac and the Sydney Light Rail Operator.